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CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE



Fifth Report of the
Senate Fact-Finding Committee
On Un-American Activities

1949

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more than the amount of foreign investments ever held by any imperialist power. And the Soviets have grasped every economic means to exploit territories under complete or partial control.

(a) They equally denounce our political imperialism.

But it is we who aid others, not to become "Yankee stooges" but to get on their feet and be themselves, and it is they who can tolerate no independent power whatever except for the time being and pending the "inevitable conflict."

(b) They call us "war mongers."

But it is we who have believed that there need not be another war, and we who are disillusioned at the prospect of preventing one, now that the difficulties are apparent. And it is they who lay down as fundamental doctrine that there must be a final ghastly struggle.

(c) They accuse the capitalist world of resorting to terrorism against the challenge of revolution.

The roots of Communist terror may originate in Communism or in Russian brutality. Russia never went through the historical development of humanitarianism that has reduced brutality in western countries. But this question need not be settled here. The modern classic on terrorism is Trotsky's *Defense of Terrorism*. He was a Bolshevik in good standing when he wrote it, and for years afterward. How much the Hitler terror owed to lessons from the Communists is a story not yet told, though many scraps of evidence have been published.

(d) They regard us as "hard to get along with," and attribute this naturally to our capitalist-imperialist designs.

An opinion on the subject has been expressed by a source with which few will choose to differ. Mrs. F. D. Roosevelt, in her column in the *Washington Daily News* for January 3, 1946, said:

I do not think we have always been wise or tactful in our approach to the Government of the U.S.S.R., but basically we have been the ones to make the constructive offers and they have been the ones to refuse.

(e) Their general charges against any idea of hope or successful reform in our system, are variations on the old charge that all such hopes offer the workers "pie in the sky."

But if conditions for labor in the United States today are "pie in the sky" or if recovery in other countries by immediate American aid is so described, what figure of speech can be devised to cover the withering away of the state only after a world proletarian dictatorship, which will not begin until after one more great holocaust of war, which may itself not occur until after three or four more 5-year plans have armed the Soviet, as prescribed by Stalin?

Such a catalog of Communist charges and answers may not be conclusive on each single point, but its general weight suggests a sharp discrepancy between the Communist mythology and the facts.

A direct approach to the questions that this raises may be made through an examination of Stalin's list of the three great "contradictions" of capitalism, quoted above on Page 21.

These contradictions are the one between the capitalist class and the working class within a capitalist country, the one between the competing

accepted munificent royalties from Hollywood and Broadway, declared passionately:

I cannot blame the Soviet Union because an apocalyptic beast is running loose in our world today and its name is MONEY, MONEY, MONEY. As an American, in the tradition of all American artists of the past, the moral values of my world are in question, not Russia's.

At the same New York session at which A. A. Fadayev eulogized the Soviet Union and its desire "for peace and friendship among peoples," Paul M. Sweezy, writer on economics for Communist publications, fumed that—

the real threat to peace comes from the utter and complete inability of the rulers of the United States to devise a non-warlike program for dealing with the overwhelming problems that are pressing in on them from all sides.

Simultaneously he denounced the Marshall plan as devised to "block a real revolution in the economic institutions of western Europe." Meanwhile Colston E. Warne, who has defended the Communist Party in the past, claimed that our basic national pattern is fast becoming that of a war economy. I. F. Stone, left-wing columnist who has defended the Communist Party and its leaders repeatedly, announced that he came to the Conference because he believed that "the machinery of American Government is set for war." Previously he had written that every Soviet effort at peace had been rejected by the United States.

These gentlemen chose to ignore the stubborn facts of current history which have convinced even such an ardent advocate of Soviet-American friendship as Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, that—

Russia, while professing a desire for peace, has actually shown by its actions that it intended to control as many nations as possible by imposing on them Communist plans and in some cases, Communist economy, as well as the same type of police state which at present governs Russia itself.

Whether through sheer ignorance or wilfulness, they have arbitrarily overlooked Russia's responsibility for the present tension by her numerous vetoes at UN meetings, by her refusal to participate in international economic, social, and cultural conferences, by her imposition of an iron curtain around her own people, by her refusal to exchange cultural information and students, and by her recently initiated campaign of extreme nationalism reminiscent of the regime of Adolf Hitler.

Scientists

It is not accidental that Richard Boyer's appeal for civil disobedience was directed to an audience which included the following atomic scientists: Harlow Shapley, of Harvard University; William A. Higginbotham, of the Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, Long Island; William Orr Roberts, High Altitude Observatory, Colorado; Philip Morrison, of Cornell University; Victor Weisskopf, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology; Oswald Veblen and Albert Einstein, of Princeton. If the Communists could succeed, by playing upon the notorious political hatreds of physical scientists, in inciting scientists to a "strike" against their own Government, or sabotage, it would be a real achievement for the Soviet fatherland. They would like nothing better than a repetition in the United States of the cases of the Canadian atomic scientists, Raymond Boyer and Allan Nunn May, who divulged atomic secrets to the

and politically oppressed Europeans and other foreigners, but *no*, it is impossible that the Reds should ever make the slightest impression on our free, intelligent, and patriotic Americans." And our own trained Communist fighters and scouts, our own modern day Washingtons and Franklins have been as airily and scurvily treated by our present day Braddocks as were our early Americans by the over-confident English general two hundred years ago.

We now know that no land or strata of society is or can be immune to Communist infiltration. The Canadian spy disclosures of two years ago and the sensational revelations of our own House Un-American Activities Committee hearings and those of the Washington and California committees have brought this home to all of us, I most sincerely hope. The curious delusion, no doubt propagated by Communists and given wider currency by loud-mouthed pseudo-liberals and alleged intelligentsia, that Communism springs from and is bred only in poverty, ignorance, and degradation has now been fairly well blown up and destroyed. As one of the Congressmen of the House Committee expressed it one day, he was simply astonished at the fact that nearly all of those who had been implicated or who self-implicated themselves by refusing to answer any questions whatever, came from so-called better class families, had excellent educations, were high in scholarship, had never toiled with their hands, suffered a day's hunger or undergone any of the abuses and hardships of our economic and social systems which are supposed to breed Communists. Most of the convicted Canadian spies were from excellent families and uniformly well educated and well off.

A classic example was the Canadian who was a professor and turned over some of Canada's top secrets to Soviet agents, a man of wealth and substance in the community and highly regarded. He was not a member of a racial minority, never worked with his hands, never had been to Russia, did not speak Russian and did not have a Russian background. He joined a front organization and from that step by step went into the Soviet camp. It is a fallacy that Communism is bred in the lower elements of society, among the dispossessed, and the discriminated-against minorities.

THE INSIDIOUS FALLACY

Let me digress briefly at this point to warn you against what I call the Insidious Fallacy. I urge upon all of you here today in your public addresses and in your conversations continuously to ridicule and destroy this most pernicious fallacy, "The Only Way to Destroy Communism is to Strengthen and Improve our Democracy by Removing Communism's Breeding Spots." The insidiousness of this fallacy is that it is of course a half truth or perhaps more correctly a one-tenth truth. Its foremost exponent has been Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, a wise and learned lady, but I have heard prominent Legionnaires, conservatives, and even anti-Communist labor leaders give currency to this utterly preposterous sophistry.

Using only such ordinary processes of logic as are available even to a high school lad let us dissect and examine the Insidious Fallacy. Step No. 1. "The only way to combat Communism is to strengthen our democracy . . . etc." Note the little adverb "only." In other words, if we Do Not improve our social, economic, and political systems then inevitably Communism will triumph.

94-3-4-1365-4

RECORDED

Dear Mr. Biden:

I have your letter of October 2, 1943, and as a member of the Medal Award Committee for the Promotion Of Better Understanding Between Christians and Jews in America, I cast my vote in favor of Irving Berlin to receive the American Hebrew Medal for 1943.

In accordance with your request, it is a pleasure to enclose my autographed photograph for use in the sixty-fifth anniversary edition of "The American Hebrew."

I do want to take this opportunity of wishing the Association every success in the future. Its accomplishments in the past have been commendable and during the trying times of this Second World War it has played a real part in the promotion of true Americanism in our country.

With love wishes and kind regards

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

CC Mr. Starks

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The American Hebrew

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NEW YORK CITY

Medal Award Committee
For The Promotion Of Better
Understanding Between
Christians And Jews
In America

October 2, 1943

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HROVER A. WRALEN
WILLIAM ALLEN WHITE
WENDELL L. WILLKIE

Dear Mr. Hoover:

It is with pleasure that I submit to you the list of candidates selected at an editorial conference for the 1943 award of The American Hebrew Medal. This award was founded at the celebration of our fiftieth anniversary, for the promotion of Better Understanding between Christian and Jew in America.

The committee of which you are a member previously awarded the medal to Honorable Newton D. Baker, Archbishop Edward J. Hanna, Dr. John H. Finley, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, Honorable James G. McDonald, Roger Williams Straus, Honorable Fiorella H. LaGuardia, Maestro Arturo Toscanini, President Franklin Delano Roosevelt, Honorable Myron C. Taylor, Honorable George Gordon Battle, Honorable Cordell Hull, and Wendell L. Willkie.

We are now preparing our sixty-fifth anniversary edition and we shall be grateful if you will send us an autographed photograph of yourself and an editorial expression from your pen commenting on this long span of continuity of publication.

Please vote for only one candidate and be good enough to send your choice in the enclosed self-addressed envelope at your earliest convenience.

With deep appreciation, I am,

RECORDED
& Faithfully yours,
INDEXED
JOSEPH H. BIBEN
Editor and Publisher

JHB:d
Enclosure

CANDIDATES SUGGESTED BY THE EDITORIAL BOARD OF THE AMERICAN HEBREW
for
THE 1943 AWARD
of
THE AMERICAN HEBREW MEDAL FOR THE PROMOTION OF BETTER UNDERSTANDING
BETWEEN CHRISTIAN AND JEW IN AMERICA

IRVING BERLIN

Because he is outstanding in the tremendous theatrical contribution to the morale of the nation, Christian and Jew alike; because the entire proceeds of "This Is The Army" were given to the Army Emergency Relief, representing the largest single contribution of its kind; and because his songs have been an expression of better understanding for all races, creeds, and religions for over a quarter of a century.

ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

Because the First Lady of the Land has won her way into the hearts of young and old, Christian and Jew alike through her inter-faith relationships; and because her speaking tours, press and radio activity, exemplified the finest traditions of the American way in spreading the cause of better understanding, tolerance and good-will.

KATE SMITH

Because her continuous radio programs have constantly been permeated with democratic ideals based on the need for inter-faith betterment and because her songs and patriotic messages have been a boost to morale for Christians and Jews alike in America.

HENRY WALLACE

Because as Vice President of the United States he has exemplified the finest tradition of the democratic way of life; and because through his speeches and writing he has contributed immeasurably to promoting good-will and understanding by his demands for necessary preparation for post-war freedom from want for all faiths and creeds.

94-3-4-1365-4

Women's Voice

Vol. 2

CHICAGO, ILL., THURSDAY, JUNE 23, 1944

No. 11

G.O.P. SOLD OUT!

Again Crucified

THIS CHRISTIAN NATION BETRAYED TO THE INTER- NATIONAL BANKERS

Now that the Republican Party has carried out the program of the International Bankers, and nominated Thomas Dewey, of New York, to lose in order to perpetuate the Reign of Roosevelt, who has been proven and found wanting as their pliant tool, to force this great nation into a League of Nations, and to furnish the man power and the money to maintain it.

To overthrow every principle of the Declaration of Independence, that great document which separated us from the British crown, in the Revolution, when our forefathers bled and died, in order that we, their descendants, might be free.

Have we their children, become so deformed, by debased society that our bonds are hawked in Foreign markets, and a Jew appointed our receiver?

Benjamin Franklin was right, they have taken over this nation.

Since the McKinley-Hanna administration up to this present hour, they have given us three wars and controlled all administrations.

Our people have waited with bated breath, in hopes that the Republican Party might rescue them from this peril, but our own state, through its Governor, together with California, started the Judas parade.

There is no longer any hope to be anticipated from the action of the Democratic Convention, unless a miracle should happen, such as occurred at Belshazzar's feast, with the handwriting on the wall, which said "you have been tried in the balance and found wanting."

Are the voters to be left with no choice, as they were four years ago, have we, who have grown to 130,000,000, not even the courage displayed by our Revolutionary Fathers, when they, with pitch forks, drove

the British red coats from these shores, and defied the British crown?

Have we degenerated into a race of cowards and money grubbers?

Our immediate action will prove the quality of our courage. If the men fail the women will man the guns and save the Ship of State from sinking.

NOT UNTIL

Until we stretch the hand of love
Over land and sea.

There cannot be an end of war,

Fear there cannot be

When we build our navies great

And stores of munitions we create

We pour the oil on fire,

Only enemies we make.

The Prince of peace has taught us

The one sure way to peace,

Unless we use His methods.

Wars can never cease.

"Sell all thou hast, give to the poor,
come and follow me."

He keeps calling to us daily,

Yet "ears we have that hear not,

And eyes that cannot see."

The Pagans rage and hope by force

To get their stupid way.

While Christians fall upon their knees

To God for peace and guidance pray.

The works of a civilization crash

Like a potter's broken clay

A thousand years in the making,

Ruined in a day.

Shame eternal rests upon you,

You tiny little men,

You fight who cannot reason

And break God's commands, all ten

Outside your guns are roaring,

Inside your souls decay.

And though you gain the entire world,

You'll loose it in a day,

And only ruins you will have.

For lack of understanding

Of God's Almighty way.

Peace Convention

WOMEN CAME FROM FORTY STATES, WAR MUST CEASE

It was epoch-making—the first time in all history that a peace conference was ever called during war.

For thousands of years men have stirred up hatred against some country—everyone's mouth was closed. It is unpatriotic to speak against war when the country is at war. The peace was always made by the same few who made the war—and the seeds for the next war were sown.

We are told to wait until after the war is won to discuss peace. Then it is too late. D-day of June 1944 was planned 25 years ago.

We broke the vicious circle of man's enslavement to war lords when we issued a call to American women to "come and reason together," to discuss peace now — a negotiated peace.

THEY CAME

When that little mother from Welford, Texas, with her 4-year old daughter, boarded the bus for that long hard trip to Chicago—the conference was a success!

When the mother from New York read over her neighbor's shoulder, on the train, a smear report of our activities in PM and said to her husband, "I'm going to Chicago—at last I've found women who are using their intelligence and really doing something,"—the conference was a success!

Add to these all the other women who came from 40 states. Consider this: that they had to put up with the discomforts of present travel, that they are women of slender resources (the money is all on the other side), and that they were answering a call made by an organization which has been vilified and persecuted by radio, press and magazine.

MARY C. DUNCAN, 1941

100-94121-96

PUBLICATION FILE

Women's Voice

Room 301—537 S. Dearborn St.
Phone WEster 7128
Chicago, Illinois

Wholesome political Administration.

Just and early peace.

Betterment of our boys in service.

Continuation of Government as a

Republic on democratic principles.

All are welcome to copy any article in this paper, if they give credit to Women's Voice, Chicago.

Many of these women who came did so because they had a vision of the greatness of our country and of the attacks made against it. They came together, and the work which they will go out and accomplish will be done by them in their home towns.

Women comfort themselves that war is the will of God. Now we know differently. We are the first generation of women who dare to say it out loud.

We prepared the feast. We invited the guests. We gave the so-called women leaders their chance, but with one consent "they began to make excuse." Those came who could partake. They were the most intelligent, most courageous, most sincere women ever congregated.

Those whose courage overrode their slight misgivings, were heartened and strengthened. Now they're gone back to their homes, apostles of Truth to their neighbor. They bear in their hearts the great theme of the convention—we are from the North, East, South and West, yet above all, we are Americans.

"God will not permit His work to be made manifest by cowards."

WE LOST BUT FIGHT

For a long time we have been singing: "The International Bankers have controlled the National Convention for 70 years"—but it took the G.O.P. of 1944 to demonstrate it to us.

The people thought they had a chance but they found out better. They wanted the American, Mr. Bricker, but a few experts, skilled in generations of exploitation of the people, corralled the delegates; the people's voice carried no weight.

Only at the last, the Bank Controllers of Dewey became a little alarmed at our insistence for we

fought on, even after we knew we had no chance, and they conceded to us Mr. Bricker as vice-president.

Now the fight before us is very plain—not only to put these men in, but Congressmen as well, with backbone who will hold Mr. Dewey to his oath to support our Constitution.

Congressmen who will uphold their own oath by a return to Constitutional money. Without this, a change of label means nothing.

Mr. Bricker, backed by public opinion, and an American Congress can reduce the bloated presidency to its original Constitutional size.

RED RACKET

The seething cauldron of administration spleen has finally boiled over, —in an effusion entitled "The Mother Racket," in the July issue of the Woman's Home Companion. The use of the term, "racket," is significant. To these administration Bolsheviks everything good is a racket that should be liquidated, along with those responsible for it,—the home, the family, morality, marital fidelity and religion,—all to be replaced by one huge racket from which they can take a cut,—The Red Racket of totalitarianism.

The purported author of the article, Patricia Lochridge, "protests too much" when she says that this "was no undercover job." The article follows closely the style of "Undercover," in which Rex Stout and Leon Birkhead bolster up their masterpiece of mis-information with smear clippings from the files of the Office of Mis-Information. Apparently, Miss Lochridge's sole contributions are "descriptions" of personal appearance and "weaknesses" of mothers' organization leaders. Her chief distinction while interviewing the writer seemed to consist in an entire lack of familiarity with her job, as she pored over her type-written list of questions, and sucked her pencil, like any fourth-grader on examination day.

Investigations of the leaders of our organizations have apparently not only revealed the "straight, black hair" of one of them, but also the extremely straight records of all of them, which have prevented a shake-down in the good old Commie style. Failing in this, the writers were compelled to use a method of the hated Mr. Goebbels: "Smear, smear, smear! Something will stick."

What their limited mental capacity

prevents them from realizing is the fact that thousands of mothers all over the country will resent this unjustified smear of women, whom this very article acknowledges are mothers of men in the armed forces.

To all of our friends and members, we say: Don't obey that impulse to write a protest to the Woman's Companion,—there is no decency in any magazine which will print such an article. One of its purposes is to find out how much strength we have and where it is. The writers admit that they were wrong in supposing that they "would find only a few members and these lukewarm, misguided women who have no real influence in their communities." If your anger gets too high,—"Don't write,—telephone!"

In the meantime, be tranquil. The heads of the organizations which have been libeled by this article, have already adopted a plan of action, which will be announced soon. In the meantime, don't give out any statements to press representatives or anyone else, of whose identity and purpose you are not sure. Keep away from these Wood Pussies of Journalism, who live on smear. Starve them out,—it won't take long!

L. E. Bengt.

Los Angeles, Calif.

Mrs. Van Hyming: Enclosed find some clippings Mrs. R. asked me to send (too busy). We enjoy your little paper. Keep up the splendid work. We are doing our very best here. Fighting for our country on the Home Front which is being completely lost, unless some way is found to win it back, as Washington did through the path of Valley Forge, and my great grand-pers General Stark did at Bennington, Vermont; then this land that has shown the way to the greatest vision of all the ages, will fade into history together with the vanished grandeur of Egypt, of Greece, of Persia, and all the rest of those civilizations that rose in the past and then carelessly permitted a strange alien race of traders to enter, to undermine and to finally destroy them utterly — only to move on to other prosperous people and repeat the story in an unending pattern of ruin and wreckage.

Yours for our country—Long may it stand.

Geo. C. Tyler.

"Land tax; the sheet-anchor of finance!"

Resolution Adopted by Women's National Peace Conference June 12 and 13, 1944

- (1) Whereas, the purported reason for Britain's entrance into the Atlantic conflict was to prevent the partition of Poland, and the purported aims of the Atlantic Charter were "the wish to see sovereign rights and self-government reserved to those who have been forcibly deprived of them," and

Whereas, both Britain and the United States have repudiated both the mutual assistance pact between Britain and Poland, as well as the provisions for preservation of the integrity of small nations as set forth in the Atlantic Charter, by agreeing to Russia's seizure of a part of Poland, as well as that of the Baltic nations, and

Whereas the policy of the United States and Great Britain of "unconditional surrender" is un-Christian, and will prove futile, resulting in unnecessarily great loss of life in our armed forces, and

Whereas the Atlantic conflict is now merely a struggle between Bolshevism and Nazism for the domination of Europe, both of which ideologies are abhorrent to the American people, and

Whereas, it is only too apparent that Germany's desire for cessation of hostilities is being ignored by Churchill and Roosevelt, for the purpose of insuring the election of President Roosevelt for a fourth term.

Therefore, Be it Resolved,

That the United States of America, through its Congress and State Department, transmit overtures for an immediate armistice in the Atlantic theater of war, as a preliminary to a six-months' "cooling-off" period for all parties concerned. During that interval each nation which has been a party to the conflict, shall cause to be published a list of grievances which led to their participation in the conflict, together with a statement of any commit-

ments which may have been made. Such information shall be presented in documentary form at a peace conference to be held in the United States, to the end that there be "open covenants,—openly arrived at." A majority of the members of this conference shall be men who have been active participants in the Atlantic conflict,—to the end that there be a "Soldier's Peace,"—which will be a just and lasting one.

- (2) Whereas, there exists among members of the armed forces, as well as the civilians of this country, great resentment over the secrecy and deceit concerning the inexcusable fiasco at Pearl Harbor.

Therefore, Be it Resolved, that we transmit to all members of Congress a demand for the immediate court martial of Admiral Kimmel and General Short, so that the American people may know the facts.

- (3) Whereas, our sons are fighting abroad supposedly "to preserve our American way of life," and Whereas, in their absence numerous refugees are being permitted to enter their country and take their jobs, which will result in a terrible unemployment problem upon their return.

Therefore, Be it Resolved, that we demand of our Congress, immediate cessation of all immigration for at least ten years.

- (4) Whereas, the Attorney General has seen fit to indict 29 persons for seditious conspiracy, many of whom are patriotic American citizens, requiring them to stand trial in a place far distant from their homes,—in direct violation of the provision in our Bill of Rights that persons charged with crime shall be tried in the state and district wherein the alleged crime has been committed,

Therefore, Be it Resolved, that we demand that Congress immediately amend the conspiracy statute under which these persons have been indicted, so as to prevent further misuse of it by the Department of Justice as an instrument of intima-

tion and persecution of the sovereign people of this nation.

- (5) Whereas, the Federal Reserve Act, enacted at the behest of certain foreigners and alien-minded native-born citizens, is in direct violation of our Constitutional provisions that our Congress shall have the power alone to coin and regulate the value of money of our nation,

Therefore, Be it Resolved, that we will support for Congress only such nominees as shall have pledged themselves to repeal the Federal Reserve Act.

- (6) Whereas, Governor John Bricker of Ohio is the only candidate for the presidency who appears to place the welfare of our country ahead of that of all other nations,

Therefore, Be it Resolved, that we will support him as long as he adheres to his unequivocal stand on nationalism as opposed to internationalism.

Committee on Resolutions

(Mrs.) L. E. Bengt

Mrs. H. M. McAllister

Mrs. David Stanley

Sonnet—What Cost King Charles His Head

We are so used to being generous—
When the Tax Eater comes to make his
roid.

That we imagine it was always thus—
No tax-free state had ever made the grade.
But they that know their English history

say
There was a time when taxes were
unknown—

When Rent of Mother Earth sufficed to pay
All public debt (that villainous device
For robbing the unborn) was given
thought.

Till the first Excise Tax, like paying
twice,
Cost Charles his life! And pity, 'tis
the one
That took the King's head could not kill
the Tax!

"But whose looketh into the perfect
law, the law of Liberty, and con-
tinueth therein he being not a forgetful
hearer, but a doer of the work, this
man shall be blessed in his deed."

—James 1:25.

To the first great Woman's Political Convention ever held in the World

I have been asked by our dearly beloved Mrs. Van Hyning to contribute something to this convention on the problem of peace.

First, I wish to say, women can make the peace—a negotiated peace—a just peace. The warmakers must not make the peace because of their repeated cries for "unconditional surrender," which remind us of the howling voices of the corpse-eating hyenas on the outskirts of the battlefields of the world.

And who are these warmakers. Why they are the International Bankers — international brigands, they called them, who have tried for decades, and who are now succeeding so well in crushing the world. Then, the tools of these International Bankers, are the politicians who sit in the Highest seats of power in the land; yes, some of these politicians themselves are international bankers. It is these men in sheep's clothing who forced us into this global war. And naturally, they do not want a just or lasting peace, as long as they can garner the world's wealth. But even these men who look mankind cannot carry on such a war without women's help.

Oh, if women only would, they could stop this vicious slaughter of their loved ones. So let them raise their voices in one mighty diapason to demand a negotiated peace — the only peace that can be a just peace.

Let me diverge here for a moment to give a message to women, not so much to the women present, as those who are not here—to the women of Chicago and to the women of all these United States.

There is a growing alarm among enlightened women of our country concerning the fact that exactly the same methods and the same crimes are being perpetrated upon us as were committed upon Russia before the Bolshevik-Communists — took over that country.

This is alarming, because the alien-minded "planners" in this country "plan" to undermine the home, just as they did in Russia. First, they seized the means of production and distribution and destroyed private property, then human rights. What were the educated doing about it, the business and professional men, the manufacturers? Why, each one looked out for himself — making

money by speculating in his country's misfortune! Not a constructive idea or word came from them. The newspapers were ruled by aliens; they obeyed the organized minority, and the sole object of these aliens was to split, confound and confuse the majority by side issues. The so-called big shots made big speeches on humane subjects in their contradiction of facts, promising that the country would become "a vast flowering garden, where all would live as in a paradise." Yes, a paradise which turned out to be a reign of TERROR, where the starving ate their own dead, and where fifty millions of her best and most intelligent people were liquidated in cold blood.

Thus, they played upon distress; they created emergencies and ridiculed fundamentals. But the people knew not that it was a sham—a veneer—in the rise to power. In the end, the very people who speculated and gained wealth by their country's misfortune, lost their property — their human rights. So the stage was now set for the undermining of the home. The daughters of these men, what became of them? Why, they became the victims of state prostitution, where the alien men bore mandates giving them the right to ten or a dozen young girls, aged 16 to 20, who were of their own choosing.

If this war goes on, without a negotiated peace, this will be a true picture of what will happen to our own country. We are already far along in the throes of Russia's agony — the throes of revolution. Is not the seizure of persons and private property by the government an indication of this fact?

The same breed of aliens are making beautiful speeches in this country, promising us vast flowering gardens where all will live as in a paradise. But these aliens are not using the same methods with us as they did in Russia. They cannot take us over in one night, as they did the Russians. Their method with us is to send our American men to the battlefronts of the world, while our country is being filled up with aliens, to take us over. Let me quote from Rep. Clare Hoffman. "Millions of our finest young men are being sent abroad, while hundreds of thousands of foreigners are coming here to replace them; to take seats at the table; to sleep in their beds; to receive the education, the professional training, which were it not for this war, our boys would be given." Unquote. Yes, common sense tells us

that it will be worse than that—they'll take the women over, too. It has already been "planned that way." Then American women will know the worst—the cruellest sexual slavery that has ever been known to the world. This is not just an idle statement or prediction. For many decades it has been planned by the "World Planners," and has been put in bold type, for those who have the desire to investigate.

How terrible that women cannot or will not try to understand the functions and manipulations of money, the sole cause of war. How terrible that they prefer to think that this war is to preserve freedom and democracy. How terrible that they cannot understand that this war is being waged for one purpose only and that is for a World Gov't, a World Court and a World Police — all to uphold and sustain a World Bank, to be owned and controlled by the soul-and-body-bloated International Bankers.

It may surprise you to know that the backers of both sides of the war are partners in the World Bank (the bank of international settlements). They do business together as usual. They are the world's Shylocks who demand of humanity ten billion "pounds of flesh."

Oh, if the indifferent, uninformed women could only arouse themselves and get wise as to why their sons must writhe in agony on the blood-wreaking altar of war, they could not rejoice over giving them to such a monstrous cause.

And now remember this: There are two things that the mothers of men can do; They can by their great force of numbers and their strength procure a negotiated peace, and they can by their knowledge and influence and their mighty power of the purse, drive every alien-minded International Banker from our shores. The mothers of men must have the first seats at the peace table—mothers of sons who have perished and mothers of sons who have yet been spared. They will know how to make a just peace—a lasting peace. And they will know that the only just way is a negotiated peace for the whole world, with an honest money system — each country to ISSUE, CIRCULATE and CONTROL its own money.

Man, the weaker sex is helpless without woman, the stronger sex.

(Mrs.) Marguerite Cummings.
2463 Albattross St.
San Diego, Calif.

CORRESPONDENCE

June 16, 1944

Dear Delegate

Enclosed are the resolutions adopted June 13, 1944 by The National Women's Peace Conference.

These have been sent to all Senators and Congressmen and Governors.

We suggest that you augment the force of this effort by writing your own Congressmen, telling him that you were a party to these resolutions, and asking whether or not if reelected he will pledge himself to the repeal of Federal Reserve Act, as well as enact the other measures referred to in these resolutions.

Secure as much publicity as possible for these resolutions, especially in your local papers, indicating your personal interest in same.

To you who came, we give our loving gratitude. Your personal handclasp meant love and courage for this work.

To you who were not here in body—we send our equally loving gratitude for your spiritual cooperation, which helped make The National Women's Peace Conference a harmonious whole for great accomplishment.

Sincerely yours,

Lyrl Clark Van Hyning.

Chicago, Ill.

June 19, 1944

Dear Mr. G.O.P. Delegate:

The Women's National Peace Convention, June 13, 1944, passed the following resolution:

"Whereas, Governor John Bricker of Ohio is the only candidate for the presidency who appears to place the welfare of our country ahead of that of all other nations,

"Therefore, Be it Resolved, that we will support him as long as he adheres to his unequivocal stand on Nationalism as opposed to internationalism."

This should impress you because:

1. There were 40 states represented.
2. These delegates are the mothers of boys who are dying daily for this country.
3. The work of implementing the resolutions will be done by these women in their own states, by carrying the gospel of Nationalism from door to door.
4. These women know and they will tell it—that Mr. Dewey is simply a foil to insure Mr. Roosevelt's reelection. (The choice of Mr. Dewey by you would be a hoax on the American people, the same as was committed in 1940).

5. The Republican party can save America only by an announced stand on Nationalism.

Our boys have been betrayed by fair words. The planners of this war want an international Government, an international police force, a international bank—all paid for by enslaved American people.

We are telling you — We their mothers are fighting for our country and our boys, and we are 65% of the vote. GIVE US AN AMERICAN FOR CANDIDATE.

Sincerely yours,

Lyrl Clark Van Hyning

Decatur, Ill.

Mrs. Lyrl Clark Van Hyning:

Just received your report and resolutions, all of which I can endorse wholeheartedly. Thank you for your kind expression of sympathy. I am enclosing another article which you may use at your discretion or any part of it, if it does not suit available space. For some reason, I did not receive a copy of the last "Women's Voice" containing my article. If you happen to have an extra copy or two lying around I should be pleased to have one.

Since I could not attend the meeting, I should like to help out with the paper. Please find enclosed check for \$5 for paper for myself and following new names which I am adding to your list. They are folks who think and am sure they will appreciate it. Shall try to let you know when I shall be in city, but you need not bother about a meeting.

Etta M. Russell

Milwaukee, Wis.

Dear Madam:

Thank you for the resolution adopted by the convention, and your encouraging letter. First of all I am so glad I was among the women at the convention. It feels so good to be surrounded by a group who really understand each other, and just now, on the subject we are working on, I really feel hopeful we have accomplished something at this convention. All we have to do is not to let it relax anymore.

I have made 20 copies of the resolutions and given them away to the women I came in contact and asked them for support and to pass it on among their friends. Everyone says it is very good.

One day this week I came downtown and stopped in the office of the two newspapers to influence them to write on the women's movement for Peace; and I will write on our idea to my Congressman too. There are some more suggestions I would bring about, which will lead to a break-up of the murder-business.

One is: declare the airplane as a weapon, for it kills women and children and destroys their homes. Nothing must be done among the soldiers and sailors only.

Food ration must be stopped, there is no need for rationing of food in America.

God may give you and all of us the power to carry on our good work, so our all effort was not made in vain and peace may be around the corner.

Marta Schmidt.

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Kenasa City, Mo.
 Wa. The Mothers:
 I want to keep in touch with what's going on and am sending you a little contribution—the limit for me at the moment since I am getting along in years, and want you to send me your publication and anything else that you think will give me the information that I need to understand what is going on behind the scenes.

Respectfully,
 J. H. Williams
 Congress of the United States

Washington, D. C.
 Dear Mrs. Van Hynning:
 Thank you kindly for the copy of "Women's Voice" in which a part of my speech was printed.

I also want to thank you for inviting me to speak before your assembly in Chicago. I must decline the invitation, however, since the legislative schedule is entirely too important for me to leave. I am sure the permanent peace for the world will be effected through the efforts and influence of the mothers of men. God bless all of you.

R. Rowe, M.C.

Mass. Women's Political Club
 Boston, Mass.

Wa. The Mothers:
 Thanks for your invitation to your convention on the recommendation of Mrs. Greer of West Roxbury. Your letter did not come until too late. Had I known about it two weeks beforehand I could have made arrangements. Please keep in touch with me concerning your activities. We are doing our best to carry on.

Sincerely yours,
 Florence Birmingham, Pres.

From the Italian News Publishing Co., Inc., Boston, Mass.: "In a recent broadcast, War-Monger Winchell condemned 'We Mothers,' a new peace organization. What's criminal about any human being, mothers in particular, in wanting peace? What is really criminal is the degrading of peace."

New York City, N.Y.
 My Dear Mrs. Van Hynning:
 Many thanks for your prompt reply. Received your enclosures, resolutions. To me they speak out with more vim, and vigor than anything yet. Put up to our men in both houses in Washington, D. C. I spoke to several people who will write our local leaders and Congressmen as well as I will and also go to see

While the pot is beginning to boil, and before the lit turn out their gascones on me, I profess to do my utmost as a loyal Christian God-fearing American, to help Governor Bricker, against the self-out, bow in Albany! However, my far distant friend, I am enclosing a few clippings which are "becoming" to the famous Senator. But the lit are du Columbus Circle Boxes, speaking lies, and then—some, against him. "The truth will out," ere long.

With my highest regards,
 George W. V. Rieper.

Woonsocket, R. I.
 Mrs. Van Hynning:

My heartiest felicitations on the success of your National Convention in Chicago, June 13th. It is true that several of the invited speakers did not attend, but that is of course to be expected in these days of national emergency.

I sincerely approve of the five points endorsed by the Convention. You and your organization, Mrs. Van Hynning, are to be complimented on the splendid resolutions shown above. My appreciation of these endorsements will be but one among the many thousands that will pour into your headquarters from the People of America.

As I close this letter of tribute, I should like to know if you could possibly supply me with the addresses of the following citizens or

ganizations: "Constitutional Americans" and "The Patrick Henry Forum."

Looking forward to my next issue of "Women's Voice," I remain
 J. G. Valois.

Los Angeles, Calif.
 My dear Mrs. Van Hynning:

Please send me some of the mimeographed resolutions as soon as possible. Please pardon pencil, not at home and in great haste.

Resolutions wonderful; have friends who will help publicize.
 Love to you all
 Helen Contois.

Which Has Changed?

The United States, the great moral standard bearer, has unceremoniously dismissed Mr. Procopio, the Finnish minister. We are not at war with Finland. Are we committing this breach of international relations to please Russia? We are at war with Japan, yet has Russia dismissed any of Japan's representatives?

It has been such a very short time that we were praising "gallant little Finland," the only country which had a sense of honor in regard to war debts.

If Finland was honorable and worthy, three short years ago, why is she such a culprit today? Which has changed; Finland or America?

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CHALLENGE!

Are the Republicans an opposition party?

Or, are the Republicans too, part and parcel of the Roosevelt machine, with the Republican label used to conceal actual dictatorship and give the outward appearance of a two-party system?

If the Republican organization is a distinct and independent party opposed to Roosevelt's policies that are ruining our Republic, then why doesn't the Republican opposition come out and

Stop Roosevelt's War.

Stop exporting Americans to fight and die over there.

Stop importing foreigners to live and work in security over here.

Stop transfer to foreign nations of battleship built by Americans for the defense of America.

Stop granting Roosevelt full powers under Lend-Lease to squander our Resources and give away our Country.

Stop interfering in the affairs of other nations.

Stop the policies that are making enemies for us the world over.

Stop making International commitments, stop proposing constitutional amendments till return of the fighting men.

STOP WAR, dictatorship, tyranny. STOP ROOSEVELT NOW, by instituting impeachment proceedings.

Article II, Section 4 of the Constitution provides, "The President, Vice-President, and all civil officers of the United States shall be removed from office on impeachment for and conviction of treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors."

—Florence Braunert

"WOMEN PIONEER IN WAR WILDERNESS"

Address of

Lyrl Clark Van Hying

Before the

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PEACE CONFERENCE
HAMILTON HOTEL
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2 Copies 25c
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R. 301-537 S. DEARBORN ST.
CHICAGO, ILL.

New Jersey

My Dear Mrs. Van Hying,

In view of the character of motion pictures and of the actors I have decided not to patronize moving pictures for the duration at least. And since the importance that lies ahead for the American women requires they be supplied with all im-

portant material dealing with National Affairs I propose to remit monthly for that purpose the amount that I would ordinarily spend for movies, and I hope my letter may stimulate similar cooperation on the part of the entire membership of "WE THE MOTHERS."

Yours for God and Country,

Mrs. Lisbeth Horn.

TWO BOOKS

Many, if not most people would like to really know something definite and conclusive about the tariff. Such knowledge is not likely to be acquired by reading partisan arguments in prejudiced newspaper and magazines. Much information, however, on this disputed object will follow a perusal of two notable books—both being easy entertaining reading. One, "PICKING AMERICA'S PACKETS," by David L. Cohn, is an interesting and dramatic discussion of actual transactions in American commercial activities, with an indication of their effect on our ideals and social conditions. The other, "PROTECTION OF FREE TRADE," by Henry George, is beyond question, the greatest work on the subject ever placed before American readers—or those of any other nation. It is an expression of high literary form, clear, precise reasoning and an appeal to all the better instincts of human nature.

We recommend these two books to your serious consideration.

In care of

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LOVE OF MONEY

If the Democrats are as successful in exposing the two party system, at their National Convention; as were the Republicans, at their National Convention, where Dewey and Bricker, were given the Green light, by the International Bankers, such harmony in the betrayal of Constitutional Government will bring forth, a Third Party to maintain it.

When Theodore Roosevelt, in 1912, refused to join in any attempt to desert principle for expediency, he at once, started the Progressive Party which wrecked the Republican Party.

In 1924, Wm. J. Bryan, was given the kiss of death, and had his usefulness forever destroyed, at the Democratic Convention, when his brother Charles, was given the Vice Presidential nomination, and the party sold out.

It was the late Bob La Follette, of blessed memory, who made the attempt to save the Nation, by running on a Third Party ticket.

To lose for a principle is greater than to win by dishonesty, and the memory of "Old Bob," will always be dear.

It takes a long time for the people to recognize a Saviour, but that time will surely come when they realize that both old parties serve only the money changers, and must be driven from the temple.

Liberty calls again!

The Southern States are in revolt, to join with them, for a Constitutional Party, at this time, when most thinking people, realize that the Two Party system is regulated from one head office, where the strings are pulled and the people betrayed.

Public opinion is the force that has overthrown power in the past, and can do it again. "The love of money is the root of all evil."

THE SUN'S FOLLY

The gods seek to destroy they first make mad. The "Truth-telling Sun," seems determined to bring the Jewish issue into the Congressional election.

In their issue of June 7th, Charles J. Anderson Jr. the regular nominee of the Primary, on the Republican ticket, was given the purge, in a first page column one, article.

That ever shrinking "Sun," in the April primary tried to defeat this Republican candidate for Congress in the 6th Congressional district of Illinois.

The Republican voters of the district could not be fooled by this International propaganda sheet and nominated Anderson by 2385 votes over the candidate that was picked to lose the election to Tom O'Brien, the Roosevelt rubber stamp.

If they are bold enough to attempt to make Anti-Semitism the issue, because there are so many Jews in the district, they stir up class hatred and will surely pay the penalty for their folly.

Ferdale, Michigan (20)

Senator Homer Ferguson
Washington, D. C., U. S. A.

Dear Senator: I am writing you to tell you that I think Michigan people should be proud of the men who represent them.

I am pleased that you have the courage to uncover graft where ever you find it. It is a privilege to represent a state like Michigan in a Nation like ours.

I attended as a delegate a Peace-Plans Convention held in Chicago, June 12 and 13; called by the We, The Mothers, Mobilize for America, Inc.

I am an old woman 68 years old, have lived through many critical times, but I have never seen gathered together so many different groups of people with the unity of purpose of this gathering from all over the U.S.A.

The Resolutions they passed were I believe inspired and will go down in history in the class with the declaration of Independence and the bill of rights.

These Christian Mothers of suffering men and women are praying to God for peace for the whole world.

I believe the prayers of these sorrowful mothers reached the ears of

LUCE'S TIRADE ONLY DISGUSTS

Clare Booth Luce, yapping at the heels of progress, tries to feign the shackles on the limbs and replace the scales on the eyes of American womanhood.

In true Bonbon fashion, she theatrically proclaimed, "You sweat and work and die and we'll eat the produce of your effort and live merrily on your shed blood."

Modern women have no need for such histrionics. They know truth—that the money interests periodically condemn youth to die for them.

How generously she throws away American youth. "American boys want to come home via Berlin and Tokio." (No matter if none come home yet they will have made the beau geste for the sanctification of money powers—avid men and backward thinking women of the Clare Luce type.)

Women can no longer be conformed with a gold star and a lot of alshy sentimental words; they want to know why their boys die—why a handful of big shots can plunge millions of peace-loving people into war. Why the world is plundered and laid waste—with youth as the helpless tools.

No, Mrs. Luce, you don't belong with the forward looking women who have thrown off the blindfold. If G.O.P. leaders think they can satisfy awakened American women with such an antique, even though she wears modern dress, they need think again.

Almighty God.

May God give you wisdom and understanding is my earnest prayer.

Sincerely yours

Mrs. Walter H. Dean
2275 Hamata, Ferndale, 20, Mich.

St. Henry, Ohio.

We, The Mothers:

1 Greetings to the delegates of your "Peace Convention." Hoping your organization grows by leaps and bounds. Hops it enters throughout every state of the 48 states in the very near future. We must fight to save America for the Americans. May God Bless you in your undertaking.

Harry A. Romar
Chaplain Buckeye Post 174
American Legion

"Pride of Birth, Pride of Office, any kind of pride being a degree better than horse pride." Carlyle

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J. Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Enclosed is a photostat of part of the official list of those invited by the "We, the Mothers Mobilize for America, Inc." to the "Women's Peace Convention in Chicago, June 12th and 13th.

The numbers following the names are the keys to the invitation letters which had to be presented at the door.

We thought you should have the record for your files. We have the original.

Sincerely,

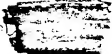
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Roosevelt, Mrs. F.D.



Washington, D.C. -- 40 J



Cap's Aid to O'Dwyer Alleged

Costello's Help Called Vital in 1949 New York Mayoralty

NEW YORK, March 12 (AP)—A senator Republican told Senate probers today he believed Frank Costello's king was needed in 1949 to be a Democratic candidate for mayor.

The testimony came from Charles Lipsky, who said he and in Democratic politics he was the Republican Party had chance of electing a mayor.

He Senate Crime Committee named Costello as head of a criminal syndicate. Costello denied it.

Did you believe it was neces- sary to get Costello backing in selection of a candidate?

Lipsky was asked. He replied that "the witness replied at why I went to him."

He Democratic mayorality plum dangling at the time because of William O'Dwyer had said he would not run again.

He changed his mind, however, and relected. A few months later he named to become ambassador to Mexico.

Lipsky said he had seen Sherman Costello and he had asked him if he was doing so much for Mayor O'Dwyer.

He witness said he learned that Costello had raised funds for O'Dwyer in the 1945 campaign and that Costello was "eternally grate-

ful." I went with Sherman Costello in the summer of 1946. Lipsky told the opening session of the Senate committee's largest hearing to date.

A packed room and thousands of television fans heard and saw his testimony.

Other highlights in the first day's session included:

Testimony by a Long Island trucking track official that he paid Costello \$80,000 over four years to find the track of bookmakers.

The refusal of Bookie Frank Erickson and underworld char- acter Joe Adonis to answer most of the committee's questions. They said their attorneys would testify for them.

The committee voted to ask the Senate to cite Erickson for contempt for his refusal.

Of his visit with Sherman Costello, Lipsky said he person- ally favored the Democratic nomi- nation for mayor of Frank Grady, then fire commissioner.

But Lipsky said Costello told him:

"I'm committed to Charlie Silver.

Silver was identified to the com- mittee as connected with the American Wool Co.

The witness said he was O'Dwyer's emissary in 1946 to try to get Costello to join in a purge of the leadership of Tammany.

*and pay
a member of the
minority committee
H.*

Manhattan Democratic organization—a purge he said was suggested by Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, former First Lady.

Lipsky said he got together with Costello, Clarence H. Neal and former Judge Francis X. Blumencino, at the Copacabana, a night club.

The trio spurned the purge suggestion. Lipsky quoted O'Dwyer as saying:

"All right, we'll starve them out."

In the 1943 campaign, Lipsky said O'Dwyer told him:

"I had an unusual experience today. Mrs. Roosevelt called at the Commodore and told me I would win by a large majority and she thought I would be a greater man if I cleaned out Tammany Hall."

O'Dwyer looked on this proposal as "quite a contract" and recalled that even Mrs. Roosevelt's husband, the late President, couldn't do it, Lipsky said.

But after O'Dwyer took office in 1946, Lipsky said he was told to "see the boys and give them a message that he wanted them to supplant the leader at Tammany Hall."

Lipsky said he reluctantly made the date with Costello and the others at the Copacabana.

The reluctant witness Erickson once headed a \$15,000,000 bookmaking empire. He now is serving two years in city prison for bookmaking. He fought unsuccessfully in the courts against even appearing at the hearing.

Adonis—Joe A.—to the underworld — was named by the committee as a big shot in organized crime in America.

Another witness, a golf-playing pal of Costello, testified he paid the gambler \$80,000 to rid a Long Island harness racing track of bookmakers.

It took Costello just two days to do the job, although he drew \$15,000 a year for four years, added the witness, George Morton-Levy, general counsel of Roosevelt Raceway.

Levy insisted to the committee that payments to Costello did not indicate the gambler had any "hidden or secret ownership" of the raceway.

Also on the payroll of the track, Levy told the Senate crime probers, was James Watson, a son-in-law of bookie Erickson.

Levy, his face ruddy and his eyes occasionally blinking into a battery of television cameras, was the first witness as the Senate committee opened its biggest hearings yet in New York City.

During Levy's testimony, one committee member, Senator Taylor (R-N.H.) called "fantastic" his story about Costello.

"I resent that," Levy

- Tolson ☒
- E. A. Tamm ☒
- Clegg ☒
- Glavin ☒
- Ladd ☒
- Nichols ☒
- Rosen ☒
- Tracy ☒
- Harbo ☒
- Belmont ☒
- Mohr ☒
- Tele. Room ☒
- Nease ☒
- Gandy ☒

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- Times-Herald
- Wash. Post
- Wash. News
- Wash. Star
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Date: MAR 15 1949

193
60 APR 18 1949

Foley Square was jammed with newsmen, radio people, with TV cameramen and official committee attaches.

Erickson, brought under guard from the city penitentiary, as Rikers Island, was on hand early. He had absolutely nothing to say to newsmen.

Senator Estes Kefauver, tall, quiet Democratic Senator from Tennessee and chairman of the committee, opened the hearings at 10:10 a. m. They are expected to continue about 10 days.

The committee cannot punish anyone. It is looking for links between the underworld and politics and can recommend to the Senate such legislation as it thinks might be of value.

Five TV stations carried all or part of the hearings to an estimated 2,250,000 homes or taverns in the New York area. Washington also was counted in by CBS.

Levy testified he and Costello were friends for 25 or 30 years, that he occasionally did legal work for Costello and that they were golfing partners.

In 1945, Levy went on, the late New York harness racing commissioner Benjamin Dowley told him Roosevelt Raceway at Westbury, N. Y., was infested with bookies and added:

"If you don't stop it, I'll take your license away."

Levy recalled telling Dowley:

"I know a man who has influence with gamblers. I'll see him and see if I can get him."

That man, Levy testified, was Costello, whom he talked to a day or two later.

"Did Costello ever tell you his business?" Levy was asked at one point.

"I don't think I ever asked," the witness replied.

Asked why he picked Costello over Erickson to clean out bookies at the track, Levy replied:

"Erickson would have about as much influence as you."

Levy said he had known Erickson for years, too, and that the pudgy imprisoned bookie often played golf with him and Costello.

Two days after he talked to Costello, Levy said, the bookies vanished from the Westbury track, where thousands of fans collected nightly during the summer months to bet on the horses.

"To what do you attribute Costello's ability to get rid of bookmakers?" the witness was asked.

"I am unable to explain it," replied Levy, his elbow propped on the table as he scratched the side of his head.

62-9933-514

April 9, 1952

The Macmillan Company
200 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Gentlemen:

I have received a copy of the book
"The Communist Trail in America" by Jacob
Spolansky.

I sincerely appreciate the interest
which prompted your presentation of it to me.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

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APR 10 1952

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[134] THE COMMUNIST TRAIL IN AMERICA

Ask Earl if he'll send me a copy of his book since I provided some of the material. How long ago was that? Has he forgotten? And perhaps he'll write a word in it? I still have a list of the stuff I gave him.

Typical of the attitude of Mary Reed while she was attending Radcliffe is a passage in a letter to an admirer:

Before I leave this college—there won't be a French Club, a German Club, a Spanish Club, etc. There will be an international club. And instead of narrow little cliques that call themselves Socialist clubs, etc., there will be a big club spreading itself out. Not studying the workers in textbooks but going to their meetings, working with them and for them, reading their literature. My first speech is going to be right in this college. And it is going to be used to get this benevolent compassion stuff out of this place if it takes dynamite!

It is the Revolution—

YOUR LITTLE REBEL GIRL

So touched was Nancy Reed by what she saw in Russia that she wrote the following poem:

I lived and loved and I suffered,
I made some mistakes that were bad,
But I learned the proportion of my life
To that of the mass,
And I'm glad.
For I now feel that I can be useful
In the fight for the rule of the mass
And that some day I may be a leader
In the struggle of class against class.

But Nancy Reed's wish to be "a leader in the struggle of class against class" was never realized. Instead, she contented herself with sporadic attacks against America, sarcastically comparing conditions there with those in Russia. Condemning Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt for a magazine article she vehemently espoused the Marxist slant in a letter signed "Ima Worker."

Her Russian chief, the notorious Michael Borodin of OGPU, she apparently held in high esteem. Not only did she send him a number of memoranda suggesting improvements in existing techniques but

Column in Son's

and anti-
al is social
of the gov-
-blishment of

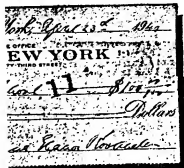
uch detailed
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to 'take over
' the South'
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: South, Mr.

re, at Men-
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rchy charges

Tennessee Federation of Labor, has publicly branded it as 'Communistic'."

Further concerning Mrs. Roosevelt the author writes:

"I am greatly interested in what you are doing, for it is a much needed work," said Mrs. Roosevelt when she met with the students and staff members of Highlander at a supper they tendered her at Chattanooga's Ross Hotel last April. She was accompanied by Dr. Frank Graham, once a board member of Soviet Russia's State University of Moscow Summer School for Training American Students in Communism. Also in the party were Gardner Jackson, former government official lately involved in a plot to smear the Dies Committee and previously exposed as having been a regular contributor to a Communist organization; and



order ends with these
down on the stage
-de- or ex-
the dunces and any
served. We do not
-son of Mike
-ing or knight
place or lord of knight
to or
like the most high, therefore
-d-ere went forth from the
-Thou shalt be brought down to hell.
Mark M. Stalin did not say I will
-dunces. In the very nature of things
a throne the government for
communal power. Yes, more, it is
-not to enjoy the monarchial form of

Georgie De Wash
Shame on a press who muds lower self as.
We publish the following from the "Like Georgie de Wash, World Herald of Omaha:
"A number of books have been
"That was an American!"
"tell a lie."

Communist Kathryn Lewis, daughter of John L. Lewis, who recently sided openly with the Communist faction in the New York CIO convention."

A photograph in the booklet shows Mrs. Roosevelt in conference with Dr. Frank Graham and Myles Horton, a University of Chicago graduate and one of the founders of Highlander. Mr. Kamp quotes Horton as saying that the school affords "an opportunity to direct the American revolutionary tradition towards a cooperative society operated by and for the workers." Horton is the present Director of the School, although Mr. Kamp says he spends part of his time as a CIO organizer.

Send for a copy of the Booklet "Fifth Column in the South," from: Constitutional, National League, 112 Madison Ave., New York City. This booklet contains...

laid a belt about the Medi-
of a thousand miles in
and within that zone she
ended not only all the great
the ancient world, but so
did she lay the garden of
in every climate, and for
of natural wealth, with-
own ring fence, that since
no land, no part and parcel
man empire, has ever risen
nigh and opulence, except
usual artificial industry has
to counteract the tenden-
ature."—De Quincy, *Essay*
Memors, introduction, par. 2.
pected the hand of man,
cept for area in absolute re-
he could suffer only by the
Providence, and so long as
lived to be Rome, for many
tion, she only of all the
Jes has feared no mortal
Ibid, par. 9.

ng last among what are
re great monarchies: of
it was the only one which
in perfection the idea of
dis, i. e., an only power, be-
came coincident with the civil-
ized. The battle of Actium
ended by the final conquest of
that conquest rounded and
ed the glorious empire. It was
cular as a "yield-orbicular
disk of a planet," the great
iron was now locked into the

of granite by its last key-
from that day forward for
undred years, there was si-
lence; no muttering was
no eye winked beneath the
folds of hostility might still
intervals; but it was on the
of the mighty empire; it was
sem-like distance; and like
ms that beat against some
metal castle, and at the doors
adown seemed to call, they
irritated and vivified the
security, then at all distur-
bances lulled."—Ibid, *Philoso-*
Roman History, para. 1, 2.

was the grand immensity of
rid-wide empire of the Ro-
This is that empire which
he earth when Jesus Christ
ra, and never in the history
kind has a single man exer-
cised enormous power as did
Augustus, who at that time
in her throne. The omnipres-
ent omnipotence of the Caesar
has been graphically described
historian Gibbon:—

empire of the Romans filled
rid, and when that empire fell
e hands of a single person, the
became a safe and dreary

If Germany will properly distribute
the food supplies available in Europe,
there will be no starvation on the
continent this winter, evidence pre-
sented by the English reveals. The
fact that Hitler has the reserves to
feed both Germany and the conquered
nations was brought out in an
answer to demands by former Pres-
ident Herbert Hoover and others in
the United States that food be sent
through the British blockade to avert
famine in Europe.

According to British sources,
Europe normally imports only 10-
000,000 tons of foodstuffs to add to
the 278,000,000 usually produced.
Granting that agriculture suffered
when laborers were mobilized for
war it is believed that Europe still
has enough food providing Hitler
will allow its fair distribution in-
stead of hoarding it to feed his sol-
diers. It is pointed out that the Nazis
boast of a 7,000,000-ton wheat re-
serve, and that this, plus the live
stock slaughtered in the Low Coun-
tries, would furnish enough food for
Europe.

The English admit that the winter
will bring suffering to thousands of
civilians. But they reason that Hit-
ler made himself responsible for
these people when he conquered
them. England cannot relax the
blockade, for such an action would
immeasurably strengthen the enemy.

Much of the continental food sup-
ply goes into German war production.
It is estimated that a million tons of
potatoes have been used to produce
fuel alcohol, milk is being used for
gasoline, and fats go into the produc-
tion of glycerine and nitro-glycerine.

Most of Hitler's conquests were
made under the name of "protec-
tion". Yet Holland was looted of 90
per cent of its butter reserves in a
week. Denmark's pigs and poultry
are being slaughtered, canned and
sent to Germany. Norway's entire
catch of fish is reported seized, while
Belgian farmers received notice that
a large percentage of grain and live-
stock would be taken over for the

Octavian, the all-powerful triumver.
Therefore it was a high Roman of-
ficial, backed by all the power of the
Roman state, who tried to take the
life of Christ in infancy. But the
plot failed.

But Salan was not to be halted
by this. He never rested until Pléte,
a Roman governor, sentenced Christ
to death; till Roman soldiers nailed

good of the state. The western grain
reserves of France, confiscated by
Germany yielded 2,000,000 or more
tons of food for the Nazi army.

Hitler apparently openly admits
that he is looking out, for himself
first. One authoritative German paper
recently asked whether the Brit-
ish "really imagine that Germany's
food supplies, which are indeed great,
are destined to feed the friends of
England this winter?" This despite
the continual clamour of the Nazi
propaganda machine that all the
conquered nations now hate Eng-
land and hope the Empire is destroyed.

In the face of these facts, it seems
extremely unlikely that any plan to
ship food to Europe, as suggested by
Mr. Hoover, would prove acceptable
to England. The alternative sugges-
tion is made that England and the
United States get together on a plan
to ship huge reserves to the contin-
ent as soon as the war is finished.

Admittedly Hitler's pledged word
cannot be trusted. The record proves
this. Thus any plan to ship food on
the strength of his promise not to
confiscate any of it for his own use
is obviously not acceptable to the
British. And, in the opinion of some,
such a policy would be national sui-
cide for the United States. It is
pointed out that the blockade is the
only weapon that is producing real
offensive results against Germany,
and is the great hope of bringing
eventual victory for England.

Any action that would weaken
England before the United States acts
its defensive house in order is court-
ing disaster.

"Come now, and let us reason to-
gether, saith the Lord". Do your
patriotic duty! Join the Penny a
Meal club. (Special envelope fur-
nished upon request.)

"I will help thee" by joining the
Penny a Meal club. Please send me
my special envelope.

WAY TO GOD! (Moody) 126 p. p.
book sent free for name and address
of 7 adult friends. Tither's League,
P. O. Box 446, Minneapolis, Minn. 7.

SOME FRIEND WANTED

YOU

To read this paper so he paid for it.

the food supplies of the world. There will be no starvations this winter, sent by the English fact that Hitler has fed both Germany and nations was brought answer to demands by dent Herbert Hoover and the United States that through the British blockade in Europe.

According to Britain, Europe normally imports 10,000,000 tons of foodstuffs. The 278,000,000 usually. Granting that agriculture when laborers were in war it is believed that has enough food production will allow its fair share instead of hoarding it to die. It is pointed out that a 7,000,000-ton stock slaughtered in the countries would furnish enough Europe.

The English admit that will bring suffering to civilians. But they rather make himself responsible these people whom he them. England cannot blockade, for such an immeasurably strengthening.

Much of the continent goes into Germany. It is estimated that a potatoes have been used fuel alcohol, milk is but asch, and fats go into soap of glycerine and nitrate.

Most of Hitler's commerce under the "neutrality". Yet Holland was per cent of its butter a week. Denmark's pigs are being slaughtered, sent to Germany. Nor catch of fish is reported Belgian farmers received a large percentage of stock would be taken.

Octavius, the all-powerful. Therefore it was a high social, backed by all the Roman state, who tried life of Christ in infant plot failed.

But Satau was not by this. He never rested a Roman governor, sent to death; the Roman to him to a cross, and the sealed him in a tomb.

Thomas Jefferson. "The delegates booed the which happened a few weeks ago. That incident recalls White House as George. Now he is spoken to accept a third term. Roosevelt. The occasion was a press conference. The speaker was Franklin D. spoken a few days ago. was elected by a single sentence. drew the picture as sharply as it name of George Washington. "Once we Americans of national heroes. referring to one of America's

"He said: go stand in the corner. reporter to put on a dunce cap or did not equivocate. 'did not tell me. I was willing to answer. So he question about a political matter. A reporter had just asked him a question. The occasion was a press conference. The speaker was Franklin D. spoken a few days ago. was elected by a single sentence. drew the picture as sharply as it name of George Washington. "Once we Americans of national heroes. referring to one of America's

the world, and when that empire fell into the hands of a single person, the world became a safe and weary prison to his enemies. The slave of

Clash With Reds On Information Curb Predicted

By Associated Press
State department officials said yesterday the United States faces a head-on clash with Soviet Russia in trying to frame an international agreement on freedom of information.

Lloyd A. Free, secretary of state, at this month's United Nations conference at Geneva will oppose removal of barriers to free flow of news and other information.

Soviet Stand Described

Free is in charge of American preparations for the conference called for March 23 to draft a declaration for adoption by the U.N.

He spoke to representatives of some 150 private organizations and government officials who gathered at the State department to discuss U-S subject.

"The Soviet Union feels removal of barriers will chiefly benefit the United States," he said. "Russia can carry on its propaganda more effectively through local Communist parties."

"We want to get away from government control of information. Russia wants to not control at the disposal of the armed masses of the people," which is another way of saying government control."

"Off Record" Conference

The afternoon session of yesterday's "freedom of information" conference was held "off the record"—at the request the State department said of some of the organizations.

Representatives were welcome to attend the department said as long as they refrained from reporting. Earlier, Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt said Russia at last year's Geneva session on human rights "never missed a chance to stir the racial passions in the United States."

She added, however, that the Russian representative's "active interest in framing the declaration was encouraging."

Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

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hr

321
51 APR 9 1948

Times Herald
Page 19

MAR 5 1948

RECORDED

INDEXED

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FBI

82 65 APR 1 1948

TRUMAN APPOINTED U. N. REPRESENTATIVE

Special to The New York Times
WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—President Truman announced today the appointment of Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt to a four-year term as United States member on the Human Rights Commission of the United Nations Economic and Social Council today.

The President also named seven other United States members to various commissions of the United Nations. Those chosen, with the length of terms, follow:

—Rudolf H. B. Economic and Employment Commission, four years.
—Edward G. B. Fiscal Commission, two years.

—Philip M. B. Population Commission, two years.

—Stuart A. B. Statistical Commission, two years.

—Miss Dorothy B. Commission on the Status of Women, three years.

—Arthur J. B. Social Commission, two years.

—George F. B. Transport and Communication Commission, four years.

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. E. A. Tamm	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Carson	_____
Mr. Egan	_____
Mr. Gurnea	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Hendon	_____
Mr. Pennington	_____
Mr. Quinn Tamm	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

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File

INDEXED

62-77787-A

DEC 10 1946

4-11

This is a clipping from
page 14 of the
New York Times for 5/2/46

Clipped at the Seat of
Government.

57 JAN 10 1947

United Nations

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. E. Belmont *AB* 1 - Belmont
1 - Nease
1 - Branigan
FROM : Mr. W. A. Broderick *WAB* 1 - W. C. Sullivan
1 - Tizas

DATE: 12/15/58

SUBJECT: DREW PEARSON
RADIO BROADCAST
STATION WTOP, WASHINGTON, D. C.
6:45 p.m., December 13, 1958

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Ladd _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____
R. E. Sullivan

No items of particular interest to the Bureau were noted; however, the following items of general interest are set forth for information:

ITEM:

State Department Exclusive: Secretary of State John Foster Dulles has displayed greater heroism than most people realize during his current illness. He is determined to stay on the job and die at his desk rather than retire.

COMMENT:

For information.

ITEM:

Moscow: The Russian Secret Police Chief, Serov, was demoted and not promoted. He was getting too big for his britches and was slapped down by Khrushchev just to show Serov who the boss in the Kremlin is. N.K.S.

COMMENT:

For information.

ITEM:

The "Boston Globe" has hired private investigators to dig up evidence showing that the "Boston Herald Traveler" did use influence to win the Channel five TV license. They have found definite evidence that Sherman Adams was mixed up in the case.

COMMENT:

For information.

CJV:ldb
(6)

REC-92

DEC 19 1958

60 DEC 24 1958

5-129

Memo Branigan to Belmont
Re: Drew Pearson
Radio Broadcast
Station WTOP, Washington, D. C.
6:45 p.m., December 13, 1958

ITEM:

General Charles de Gaulle wants no United States missiles in France. He thinks the idea of missiles is foolish.

COMMENT:

For information.

ITEM:

Los Angeles mobsters are gloating. Eleven new gambling places are to be built in Mexico and Los Angeles mobsters will be in charge.

COMMENT:

For information.

ITEM:

Central Intelligence Agency was aware of Russia's new missile before Khrushchev announced it to Senator Humphrey.

COMMENT:

Hubert

For information.

ITEM:

Prime Minister Harold Macmillan of Britain and Chancellor Konrad Adenauer of West Germany are arguing over how to handle the Berlin crisis. Macmillan accuses Adenauer of being too soft. More vigorous United States leadership is needed.

COMMENT:

For information.

ITEM:

Even though Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt and Khrushchev have nominated Senator Hubert Humphrey for President, his associates on Capitol Hill say he will first have to win the Democratic nomination.

COMMENT:

For information.

Office Memorandum

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: March 15, 1949

TO : Director, FBI

FROM : SAC, New York

SUBJECT: "PLAIN TALK"
INFORMATION CONCERNING
(Bureau file 94-36511)

Transmitted herewith for the information of the Bureau is the
March 1949 issue of "PLAIN TALK".

Enc. (1)

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE

Bugs

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Handwritten: 15-17-49

JTM:DCJ
62-8845

RECORDED - 52

EX-3

194-36511-98

MAR 18 1949

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60 APR 8 - 1949

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Handwritten: 94-36511-10

ANATOMY OF A FRONT

9

ting editors, few readers knew that the *New South* was subsidized by the national office of the Communist Party.

In the August, 1958 issue, the *New South* devoted one page to the full text of Roosevelt's letter to the White House conference and two pages to an editorial "Our Southern Problems." The next issues were devoted largely to the need for a Southern Conference, indicating the line it should take.

The first call to the conference was drafted by the CP leaders at Birmingham, Rob F. Hall, Joseph S. Gelders and the writer doing most of the work on it. To issue this call, the party had a sufficient number of intellectuals, professional people, trade union leaders, even two or three clergymen. From September through the first part of November, CP leaders and organizers throughout the South devoted their main activities to preparing for the conference.

Gelders had wide contacts among progressive groups and the leading members of the Democratic Party. Another influential CP member was Howard Lee, a leader of youth and student movements. Both Gelders and Lee became well acquainted with the President and Mrs. Roosevelt, won their confidence and friendship and had free access to the White House. Gelders was invited by the Roosevelts to be their week-end guest at Hyde Park.

IT WAS Gelders who persuaded Mrs. Roosevelt to attend the Southern Conference as the main speaker, and also as an active participant, and who obtained from the President the promise of a letter greeting the conference.

One of Gelders' friends was Virginia Foster (Mrs. Clifford) Durr, sister-in-law of Justice Hugo Black of the United States Supreme Court. Through Mrs. Durr, a paid subscriber to the *New South*, Gelders was able to persuade Justice Black to speak at the conference and to accept a "Jefferson Award." (The award actually was given in advance of the conference by a self-appointed committee organized through the initiative of Gelders.) Backed by the names of his two distinguished main speakers, Gelders was able to obtain the participation of Senator Bankhead, Rep. Luther Patrick and Gov. Graves of Alabama, Mark Ethridge, W. T. Couch of the University of North Carolina Press, and other prominent citizens.

When work on the list of sponsors and speakers had met with success far beyond original expectations, the CP gave considerable attention to "mass participation," with the objective of making it the largest interracial gathering ever held in the South. In spite of the prominent names on the list of sponsors, the trade unions, especially the AFL and railroad brotherhoods, were suspicious and their representation was surprisingly small. The CP leaders were more successful with Negro organizations. John P. Davis, head of the National Negro Congress, and Edward Strong of the Southern Negro Youth Congress were able to obtain large delegations from many states in the South. Strong played the same role among Negro students and in campus groups that Howard Lee and Rev. Malcolm Cotton Dobbs played in white youth and student organizations.

Myles Horton and James Dombrow-

File



MY DAY

Russian Education Emphasizes Rights of Fellow Citizens

By ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

SUNDAY—Friday I had the great pleasure of having some very old friends lunch with me. They were Mrs. Edward Macaulay and Mrs. Frank Polk, and in addition, Mrs. Richard Bissell, the new director of volunteers for the Red Cross who has just returned from a long trip thruout the country, and Mrs. Robert Magidoff, the Russian wife of the American NBC correspondent in Moscow. Many of you probably listen to his broadcasts every morning.

Mrs. Magidoff has been all over our country speaking for Russian War Relief. She has addressed small audiences and big audiences, labor audiences, Rotary Clubs, groups of young people and women's clubs. Her English is remarkably good, with just enough foreign accent and construction to keep people's interest fixed upon what she says in order to be sure that one has grasped her meaning.

MRS. MAGIDOFF was very interesting in her observations on the difference between the psychology of the Russian mother and our own mothers in their attitude to the war. She recognized the fact that having a war on your own territory clarified many things which are difficult for us to understand and certainly difficult to sacrifice for.

She stressed our point that I think very interesting. She said that Russian teaching, from school days on, makes people conscious that they have to think of other people. They are taught their own interests as secondary are not of paramount importance, but that their neighbors must be considered. This has an effect on the manners and customs. You would not feel free to whistle, for instance, as we do in public places, without asking your neighbor if it annoyed him. In my childhood no gentleman smoked without asking the ladies if they objected, but that has become unnecessary since so many ladies smoke. We still teach our children to stand when their elders come into a room, but we would rarely say, as I see the Russians do, "Citizen,

not alone." And yet that reminder might be valuable to us in many ways.

ON Saturday I gave a luncheon for the Prime Minister of New Zealand and Mrs. Fraser. It was a great pleasure to see them again. They were so kind to me when I was in New Zealand, and Mrs. Fraser traveled with me practically all the time I was there. They are both the kindest people, and have the simplicity that stands out in great people wherever you meet them.

Saturday afternoon I had a luncheon for the members of the Mary Wooten Clubs of America. The members are doing a great deal for each other when they must move from place to place, and thru this club, they can always be sure of finding a friend wherever they go.

At 8:15 I broadcasted for the Anglo-American Caribbean Commission and in the evening I went out to the Washington Sanitarium to speak to the Nurses Alumni Association.

INDEXED 149
100-138350-1
NOT RECORDED
27 MAY 5 1944

was 100-235740-A
Clipped from
page 20 of the
Washington Daily News
April 29, 1944
[Signature]

55 MAY 19 1944

Mrs. F. D. R. Rallying Anti-Red Liberals

(See My Day, Page 21)

Formation of an American liberal movement which would differ from the new Progressive Citizens of America by being vigorously anti-Communist is under way in Washington today at a conference called by the Union for Democratic Action.

Among the organizers are Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, Leon Henderson, Chester Bowles, Wilson Wyatt, Franklin D. Roosevelt Jr. of the American Veterans Committee, Elmer Davis of radio, USO Secretary James B. Carey and Paul Porter, formerly of OPA.

At a dinner last night in the Shoreham, attended by 400 persons with 800 turned away, Mrs. Roosevelt called for a liberal program "so simple and clear that all the American people can say: These are the things necessary for us to do and necessary for helping the rest of the world back on its feet."

On the Communist issue, she said, "I don't feel the slightest fear that we can be overcome by Communism or Fascism if we really know what we want and say it in words simple enough for everybody to understand."

Former Price Administrator Bowles said the American liberal movement must steer clear of the reactionary extreme right and also from Communism at the extreme left. The place for the liberals is in the Democratic Party—not in a third party, he said.

The action against trying a third party was apparently another rebuke to the Progressive Citizens of America organization, in New York last week from the National Citizens Political Action Committee and the Independent Citizens Committee of the Arts, Sciences and Professions. Some sentiment for a third party has come from these quarters, which also were noted for their tolerance toward Communists within their ranks.

Today's UDA planning meeting, attended by 110 delegates, is aimed at establishing the UDA as a rallying point for anti-Communist liberals. Leaders say that there will be a "screening process" to prevent Communists and fellow travelers from taking over UDA.



Mr. Bowles



Mr. Henderson

*File Americans for
Democratic Action*

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Egan _____
Mr. Gurnea _____
Mr. Harbo _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. Pennington _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____

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100-348196-1
87 FEB 12 1947

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55 FEB 14 1947

JAN 4 1947
WASHINGTON NEWS
Page 6

FRENCH RED DENIES MOSCOW CASH AID

South Kortright Delegates Says
Communism in France is
Not Russian Kind

By LOU GREENBAUM

Special to The New York Times
SOUTH KORTRIGHT, N. Y.,
Oct. 15—French communism is not
Russian communism and French
Communists receive no financial
aid from Moscow, Mme. Made-
leine Fraix, Communist leader in
France, declared here today.

The vice president of the French
Constitutional Assembly, who is at-
tending the International Assembly
of Women, said:

"There is a legend convenient at
times for certain people that direct
orders from Moscow are fed to any
Communist party. The funds for
the Communist party in France
come, bent by bent, from the work-
ing classes of France."

She added:

"Sometimes when we find it dif-
ficult to get enough money to carry
on our work we are sorry the
legend about Moscow is not true."

She expressed surprise that to
Mme. Eugenie Cotton, scientist and
president of the recently formed
International Democratic Federa-
tion of Women, a visa had been
refused by the American Consulate
in Paris because of her "Communist
activities."

Concerning Mme. Cotton she re-
ported:

"She's neither near nor far—she
hasn't anything to do with com-
munism."

Wrote to Mrs. Roosevelt

In a letter to Mrs. Franklin D.
Roosevelt, sponsor of the assembly,
mailed Oct. 7 from Paris, Mme.
Cotton told of the refusal of the
visa and stated:

"I am not a Communist. I un-
derstood what Nazi tyranny was
and I joined the women of all na-
tions who held their forces to fight
fascism. I became the president
of the Union of women of France
and I suggested the founding of
the International Democratic Federa-
tion of Women."

She added that in this group
women of all parties worked closely
together, including Communist women,
"who played such an impor-
tant role in the liberation of
France."

"The principle adopted by the
Government of the United States
to Communist women from a
conference like yours," she re-
ported, "seems to me deeply so-

Mr. Tolson	.....
Mr. E. A. Tamm	.....
Mr. Clegg	.....
Mr. Glavin	.....
Mr. Ladd	.....
Mr. Nichols	.....
Mr. Rosen	.....
Mr. Tracy	.....
Mr. Carson	.....
Mr. Egan	.....
Mr. Gurnea	.....
Mr. Hendon	.....
Mr. Pennington	.....
Mr. Quinn Tamm	.....
Mr. Nease	.....
Miss Gandy	.....

File
W. B. Smith
McNamee
P. G. ...
L. H. ...
C. J. ...
...

INDEXED

EX-6 mfm

V00-340676-A

NOT RECORDED
87 NOV 26 1946

CLIPPING FROM THE

N. Y. *Times*
DATED 10-16-46
FORWARDED BY N. Y. DIVISION

Communism

57 JAN 16 1947 76

regrettable, because this statement
with respect considerably the
weight of your conclusion.

Asked why she had received a
shout when Mme. Cotton had not,
Mme. Braun said that she thought
it was because she was a Govern-
ment official.

Mme. Braun was asked if per-
sonal liberty did not disappear in
Communist states.

"That is also a legend," she re-
plied, "but it cannot be destroyed
in one press conference.

Stresses "Given Situation"

"In general people assume that
the Russian system will be applied
to any country where the Commu-
nists are in power. Any regime
starts off from a given situation.
Russia, twenty-five years ago, was
a feudal country. France, today, is
a highly developed industrial na-
tion."

Mme. Braun expressed satisfac-
tion with the vote on the French
Constitution.

"She believed the vote was small,
she said, because "certain people
stayed away from the polls because
of the division created within the
Catholic party by General de
Gaulle."

At the morning meeting of the
assembly Mrs. Chase Gough Wood-
house, Connecticut member of the
House of Representatives, opened
a two-day discussion of world eco-
nomic factors by asserting that full
employment was needed to avoid
future wars.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Los Angeles, Calif.

April 27, 1941

Dear Mr. Attorney-General:

Yesterday I saw the Secretary for the Industrial Council in San Francisco. He has an admiration for Harry Bridges, but I really believe that he (the secretary) is not a communist. (C.O.D.)

He told me that the FBI are using some methods which seem to me rather "Gestapoish" on some of the people they want to appear as witness on the government side in the Bridges trial. His brother-in-law, Charles Krolek, was for two years a union official, resigned to become the secretary to Governor Olson's brother and is now an instructor on the NYA radio project in San Francisco. He has made good in both of these capacities and is particularly interested in the young people.

A short time ago the FBI called on him and took him with his wife to the office and grilled them. This has been done a number of times and they have tried to get him to say he would testify on certain things pertaining to the union. He insists that he can not do this because the things which they want him to say he really does not know. In addition the whole publicity would be bad for his position with the young people and the work he is now doing. The wife knew nothing at all and has spent the whole time in tears and is now rather seriously upset because of the methods used.

Of course, I know this is purely local but just the same we must wipe out Hitler methods and watch out that we do not do things which put us in Hitler's category.

Very sincerely yours,

(s) Eleanor Roosevelt

Can't people be subpoenaed and questioned in court but not terrorized beforehand?

ENCLOSURE 39-915-1150

5
April 29, 1941

2-2-56
Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt
The White House
Washington, D.C.

My dear Mrs. Roosevelt:

It is strange that your letter should reach my desk at the moment I am preparing a memorandum for the President dealing with a criticism of the Federal Bureau of Investigation from an exactly opposite view point.

I enclose the memorandum because it indicates to you the difficulty we are having, and I certainly agree with you that we do not want any Hitler methods in this country. Some people are so hysterically frightened of subversive movements that they would resort to methods of the Gestapo.

I have had frequent complaints from liberals of the methods of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and I have investigated each one with care. I believe I could demonstrate that the Federal Bureau of Investigation is the most restrained and careful organization in the field of law enforcement today. That, of course, is not to say that mistakes are not made. I know that they ask witnesses to go to their office and question them as to information which they might be able to give. I have never learned that they used any kind of force or imprisonment or any third degree methods. We could not put a witness on the stand in the Bridges case or any other case and question him without a previous interview. No private lawyer would do that. One would not know what to ask, nor would he know whether the witness was helpful or harmful.

In the Bridges case we must not overlook the fact that the witnesses have to be called from a hostile camp.

39-91
BEB
ENCLOSURE 39-915-1150

Mrs. Roosevelt

-2-

April 29, 1941

The only people who can prove Bridges to be a Communist, if he is one, are his own present or past associates, and they have been subject to great pressure and intimidation to induce them to withhold any help from the Government. I will look into the incident you have called to my attention and if it appears that there was force or threats used, those who were responsible will be disciplined.

The dilemma which we face in preserving civil liberties is that we must have a sufficiently zealous and vigorous staff engaged in law enforcement to keep public confidence so that the vigilante will have no excuse for coming into existence. On the other hand the law enforcement officers themselves must be kept to methods that are consistent with our civil liberties. I am trying to meet this dual standard and I shall be glad if you found the time to go into the methods and the reasons for them pretty fully, for I shall not be surprised as time goes on if I need your help.

Sincerely yours,

/s/ Robert H. Jackson
Attorney General

MATTHEW F. MCGUIRE
ASSISTANT TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Department of Justice
Washington

January 28, 1941

Mr. Tolson	.....
Mr. E. A. Tamm	.....
Mr. Clegg	.....
Mr. Foxworth	.....
Mr. Nathan	.....
Mr. Ladd	.....
Mr. Glavin	.....
Mr. Nichols	.....
Mr. Rosen	.....
Mr. Tracy	.....
Miss Gandy	.....

MEMORANDUM FOR HONORABLE J. EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Robert Cullen

This refers to your memorandum of January 23, to which is attached a copy of a letter addressed to Mrs. Roosevelt by ~~Robert Cullen~~, together with a copy of a note addressed to the Attorney General by Mrs. Roosevelt transmitting ~~Robert Cullen~~ letter.

It is suggested that the original letter from Mrs. Roosevelt and its enclosures be transmitted by you to this office for preparation of reply, in view of the fact that it is quite apparent that there is nothing in ~~Robert Cullen~~'s letter which would seem to require any action on the part of the Bureau without further preliminary consideration.

Matthew McGuire

Matthew F. McGuire
The Assistant to the Attorney General.

FEB 18 1941

*Ack
2/24/41
Cully
1 mnd*

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&
INDEXED

62-61723-2
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
5 FEB 10 1941
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
MR. TOLSON *MR. CLEGG* *MR. NATHAN* *MR. LADD* *MR. GLAVIN* *MR. NICHOLS* *MR. ROSEN* *MR. TRACY* *MISS GANDY*

CONGRESS OF INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATIONS

Wm. Randolph Mason

January 9, 1941.

421 Atlanta National Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Roosevelt:

The situation in Memphis continues so tense, I am again appealing to you to see if something cannot be done through the F. B. I. in Washington to relieve it. The information I am giving you is taken from letters from CIO representatives stationed in Memphis and is more complete than anything that I have yet sent you or the Department of Justice.

Case of Robert (or Willie) Cotton, Negro employee of Warner-Tamble Transportation Co. (barge line)

Some months ago Cotton hired an attorney to aid him in securing back wages against Warner-Tamble Company. Late in September his common law wife, Corine Canada, 398 Avery Street, Memphis, and his sister, Addie Jones, 578 Varble Street, went to the Inland Boatmen's Union office and reported to W. R. Henderson, union agent, that Cotton had left home about five o'clock on Thursday, September 12 and not been heard from since.

The report from other sources is that Cotton had been asked to come to Warner-Tamble's dock that morning for a "conference."

In a letter from Memphis dated December 15, it is stated that a number of Negro deck hands on the steamer J. S. Smith, who had known Willie Cotton, said that on the steamer's last trip out of Memphis they "saw a floating body dressed in clothing similar to clothes worn by Cotton." The mate of the steamer was notified but refused to lower a boat to investigate or turn back to port.

The Warner-Tamble Company has a most unsavory reputation for disappearance of troublesome employees. W. R. Henderson, Memphis agent of Inland Boatmen's Union, tells me that in the last few years some nine or ten of its employees, most of them Negroes, have disappeared.

Henderson told me about the attempted murder by two members of the Warner-Tamble firm and two policemen of a Negro named Thomas Watkins, in May 1939. Watkins was President of an A. F. of L. Longshoremen's local. Watkins managed to break the chain on his wrists and swim to safety, though at the time it was thought he was drowned in the river.

W. A. Copeland, Tri-State Editor of the Memphis Press-Scimitar, told me when I saw him in Memphis last October that he believed this report about Watkins to be true, giving me further evidence which was convincing though probably not sufficient for court procedure.

62-61723-2

January 9, 1941

Owners of the Warner-Tamble Company are said to have gotten "their start in prohibition days manufacturing corn liquor and bought a few small tugs to transport their liquor into Memphis". Later they added to their equipment and "now have several boats operating legally."

One other clue connected with Cotton's disappearance is reported to me as follows:

C. C. Culp, Marshall of West Memphis, Arkansas, "was the subject of a Grand Jury investigation last summer. He was accused of collecting illegal forfeits and other similar acts." The afternoon before Cotton disappeared Mr. Culp "drove aboard the Warner-Ternal and conferred with Russell Warner and Herman Tamble. When Mr. Culp left he was followed by Herman Tamble in his car across the river. Russell Warner immediately left the terminal in a small speed boat and met the other two a few feet north of the Marahan Highway Bridge, on the Arkansas side of the Mississippi River. It should be noted that the approach to the Bridge is several miles long and the place these men met is merely a trail and only used by a few motorists wishing to park without the public seeing them."

My informant believes that Cotton was carried across the River and disposed of by weighting his body and throwing it in. This is believed to be the accepted formula for getting rid of troublesome employees.

Case of Matthew Williams, Negro vice-president of International Longshoremen's Local at West Kentucky Coal Co.

The report to me on this case is as follows; Williams was discharged by the West Kentucky Coal Company more than a year ago for union activity. Charges were presented to the Labor Board by the Longshoremen's Union. Sometime last summer the Labor Board ordered the Company to post notices that the Union had the right to represent the workers, etc. As the Company failed to post the notices at the proper time, Williams was active in bringing this failure to the attention of John R. Smith, Labor Board representative from the Atlanta office.

The following week Williams was picked up at his home on Texas Street by a cruising police squad car and taken to the police station. The sergeant on duty said to Williams "you are a troublemaker and the best thing for you to do is to catch a cotton picking truck and go to Arkansas and not be caught on the streets of Memphis again." Following this, Williams disappeared and was not seen or heard of for some time. I understand that he returned to Memphis either in November or December. This case is mentioned merely as a type of intimidation that is carried on by police and one which involves defiance of the National Labor Relations Act.

Page #3
Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt.
January 9, 1941

Arrest of R. E. Himnaugh, Industrial Organizer for the United Canning,
Agricultural, Packing and Allied Workers of America, CIO.

Prior to the presidential election, Mr. Himnaugh and his wife were active on behalf of Wilkie. Himnaugh was scheduled to be a witness at Labor Board hearings set for November 6 and 7. On November 5 Himnaugh, his wife, and landlady were arrested and held in jail for about three hours, charged with fifth column activities. Himnaugh and his wife are natives of Memphis and Himnaugh is an ex-service man.

It was only through pressure brought to bear by the Labor Board representative that the Himnaughs were released.

Threats to Wm. W. Henderson, business agent, Inland Boatmen's Division of
the National Maritime Union, CIO.

Sometime in December Dr. J. W. Bodley, an official of the American Legion and staff surgeon at the Baptist Memorial Hospital, sent Henderson a message to the effect that he would get his neck broken if he did not get out of the CIO "while the going was possible." Dr. Bodley's message also stated that the American Legion was opposed to the CIO and that the police would be ready to clean it out of Memphis after January first.

The various attacks on George Bass, representative of the United Rubber Workers organizing in the Firestone Plant at Memphis, and the failure of police to give him protection, has been reported before. Recently, just prior to a Labor Board election at the Firestone Plant, I understand that police officers circulated constantly around the homes of the workers for the purpose of intimidating the CIO members.

It is the opinion of everyone with whom I talked in Memphis that the local FBI and the U. S. District Attorney are completely under Crump's domination and will do nothing to protect CIO representatives. We still hope that the Department of Justice will have an investigation made by persons sent from Washington and completely independent of the Crump political machine.

If you can help in any way, I am sure you will.

Sincerely yours,

Wm. W. Henderson

EAT:AI

January 23, 1941

RECORDED & INDEXED

62-61723-1

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. MATTHEW F. McGUIRE
THE ASSISTANT TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Attention: Mr. Alexander Holtzoff

Pk
we
I am transmitting herewith a copy of a letter addressed to Mrs. Roosevelt under date of January 9, 1941, by Lucy M. Johnson of the Congress of Industrial Organizations, of Atlanta, Georgia, together with a copy of a note addressed to the Attorney General under date of January 14, 1941, by Mrs. Roosevelt.

I would appreciate being advised what action you desire the Bureau to take in this matter.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Enclosure

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. E. A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Carson	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED
JAN 24 1941
P. M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

*Copy of returning letter
filed to Dept.*

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
January 14, 1941



My dear Mr. Attorney General:
I am sorry that I cannot do something about
cannot something be done about

Very sincerely yours,

Franklin D. Roosevelt

62-61723-1
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
5 FEB 21 1941
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
TO: SAC [initials] FROM: [initials] FIVE

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
JAN 26 1941 A.M.
DIVISION OF RECORDS
JAN 26 1941 P.M.

100-100000-100000
100-100000-100000
100-100000-100000

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI
 SAC, Oklahoma City

DATE: November 20, 1950

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]
 INTERNAL SECURITY - K
 (Bufile #62-43818)

For the Bureau's information, GERALD L. K. SMITH spoke before an audience at Convention Hall, Tulsa, Oklahoma, on the night of October 23, 1950, under the auspices of the Christian Nationalist Crusade. This meeting was covered by [REDACTED] who furnished the following report:

"Smith opened his address by pointing out that he was not connected with any political party, but was under sponsorship of the Christian Nationalist Crusade. In these opening remarks he mentioned that he had Dr. Claude B. Hill, Pastor of the First Christian Church, Tulsa, Oklahoma, as his guest at dinner Sunday night. He also asked that those who opposed him behave themselves and they would not have any trouble. However, if they acted otherwise they would be helped from the auditorium.

"Smith began his address by declaring Americans were unable to understand the Oriental intrigue that is being conducted by Marxists throughout the world. He said in the United States the greatest danger lies in the professors and teachers who are being produced at Harvard, Columbia, and Chicago Universities to teach our children.

"The first blast at a personality was leveled at Eddie Cantor who performed at Convention Hall, Sunday, October 22, 1950, the night before Smith spoke. 'You thought you were coming to hear a comedian, but actually you came to hear the most shrewd Pro-Marxist in the United States.' He cited his (Smith's) investigation into Hollywood, declaring, 'Motion pictures, radio and TV are packed with Communists and fellow-travelers.' Smith outlined how Cantor is linked with the Communist movement; how Cantor was at the home of Charlie Chaplin in 1945 when a letter was written and cabled to Joseph Stalin. He said the letter stated that the time the United States recognized the U.S.S.R. was the first step to new horizons for the world. Smith said this cablegram was signed by Chaplin, Cantor, Olivia De Havilland, John Garfield, Rita Hayworth, Orson Wells, and several other leading Hollywood figures. Smith named seventeen in all. 'The average American just can't keep up with the city slicking game of the Marxists,' he commented.

"Smith then made his first reference to the local newspapers, namely, The Tulsa World and The Tulsa Tribune. He said neither paper had the courage

COPIES DESTROYED

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 JLO:mb OCT 13 1964
 100-922
 Enclosures

RECORDED - 5

INDEXED - 5

NOV 25 1950

62-43818-1015

to print his statements. 'Do you know', he said, 'that 99% of the whites in Tulsa do not want negroes mixing with whites in schools?' He then said he was not making anti-Semitic remarks, but said, 'I don't want a bunch of Zionists to rule the country or Americans to lose racial self-respect.'

He turned again to Hollywood, telling of a picket line that was led by Cantor and Edward G. Robinson when he was scheduled to speak in a High School Auditorium. He said the picket line, which he called 'a lynch mob', contained 20,000 Communists or sympathizers. He said this proved Robinson and Cantor are in the orbit of Stalin propaganda. He then turned to his wife who was on the stage and asked, 'Who was the little wheezy fellow who received a medal from the Young Communist League in the mid-1940's when he declared he was going to run me (Smith) out of the country?' He was referring to Frank Sinatra whom Smith said received the medal as 'Young Man of the Year.'

'Smith then began his discourse on the 'Roosevelt Treason', but first he mentioned his recent trip to San Francisco where he learned that little school children had to wear tags in order that they might be identified in the event of an atom bombing. Smith then declared that his enemies were popular, naming Walter Winchell, Olivia DeHaviland, Frank Sinatra and others. He then intimated men like himself were unpopular, and in the same vein mentioned United States Senator Joseph McCarthy. He then said he was going to give a birdseye view of several events. He began outlining the connection between England's Socialism and Communism. Discussing the European situation he said, 'France, Italy and Germany are strongholds of Communism.' He said the British economic leaders were students of Harold Laski, British Socialist Leader who died recently. He said Laski was a bosom buddy of Marxism. He continued by saying America was closely linked with the Socialistic-Communist movement since Felix Frankfurter, U.S. Supreme Court Justice, was a Jew and Marxist advocate. He said the Justice and any President who allowed him to sit on the bench should be impeached.

'Smith declared FDR as a villain, explaining why he continued to pick on a man that was dead, 'His ghosts are running for office across the nation,' Smith laughed. 'Any person with a mature mind, a student of history who has studied his history, and who says FDR was honest, hasn't caught up on his studies,' Smith said.

'He then began his discourse on Eleanor Roosevelt. 'The only good thing I can say about Eleanor is that she gave her old gold teeth to the Elks Lodge,' Smith said. 'She has done more to hurt the United States than

all the Communists in the nation, because she has invaded the sanctuary of the white family.' He then linked Eleanor with Paul Robeson, the negro singer and admitted Communist. 'She is a bad old girl,' he added. He said Eleanor has repeatedly entertained Communists at the White House. (U)

"Smith then turned to the United Nations, declaring 'this country needs no new flag.' (He was referring to the raising of a United Nations flag the following day over the Tulsa County Courthouse.) He said, 'Stalin owns a portion of that flag, and I want no part of the flag as long as Stalin is a member of the United Nations.'

"He made his first statement in regard to the Roosevelt Treason by declaring that Henry Morgenthau, former Secretary of the Treasury, gave the Russians original plates of U.S. Currency in order that the Russians might print U.S. Currency. He said this was done at Roosevelt's command. 'These plates,' he said, 'produced \$12,000,000,000 of U.S. Currency. Jew money traders obtained this money and came to the United States buying the syndicates.'

"In a second phase of the Roosevelt Treason, Smith referred to the refusal of the United States to give Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek what Smith said was enough munitions to arm 1,000 men at the close of World War II. He said the United States also refused to give Chiang Kai-Shek munitions captured from Germany. He intimated Chiang Kai-Shek would have fought the Reds in Korea with the guns and equipment we refused him, but gave to the Russians. General George Marshall, former Secretary of State, he said was a well-trained Roosevelt aide, who commented, 'I just disarmed 29 Chinese divisions by refusing to hand Chiang Kai-Shek those weapons when I signed the measure refusing the munitions.' In the same vein Smith said Marshall, at Roosevelt's orders, stopped a convoy of weapons being sent to China and ordered the weapons dumped in the ocean. He declared a youth came to him at a recent meeting and said he helped push one of those \$200,000 tanks into the water.

"The third phase of the Roosevelt Treason, Smith said, was the Yalta Conference; to which Chiang Kai-Shek was not invited. In this instance the former President took with him a super-expert, Alger Hiss, to advise him on the Far East. At this meeting Roosevelt agreed to give Stalin the Orient. He added this decision was made with the advice of Hiss, whom Smith tagged the Number One Traitor of American History, because he gave secret Government information to the Reds. He then diverted somewhat from his thesis of the Roosevelt Treason to mention that L. Burt Thomas, Utah Senator and head of the Senate Military Affairs Committee was Master of Ceremonies at the Communist dinner at which funds were raised

SAC, NEW YORK (100-1014)

REC-67

Director, FBI (100-39388) -136

REC-67

63-1-1014

MUSSAY GOLOS
IS - R

REGISTERED MAIL

FBI

TRANSLATION MATTERS
NYO

Attached is the translation which you requested by letter dated 12/24/59.

The contents thereof, where pertinent, must be reported under appropriate captions and afforded whatever investigative attention is necessary.

Disposition of the foreign language material submitted in this connection is set forth below:

Returned herewith.

MAILED 27
JAN 1 1960

- Tolson
- Belmont
- DeLoach
- McGuire
- Mohr
- Parsons
- Rosen
- Tamm
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holloman
- Gandy

1 - Chicago - Enclosure

ENCLOSURE
Enclosures - (6)

17
FEB 16 1960
FEB 10 1960

TELETYPE UNIT

CPD
17-100
Holloman

WLA
all right
7

SUMMARY FROM RUSSIAN

"RUSSKY GOLOS" (Russian Voice), Russian-language newspaper published daily except Saturday ^{and Monday} by the Russky Golos Publishing Corporation, 130 East 16th Street, New York 3, N. Y.,
ANDREW KOROFKIN, President.

December 17, 1959

Vol. XLIII, No. 15690

Page 1, column 3

LONGSHOREMEN'S DELEGATION LEFT FOR THE USSR
(San Francisco, December 14)

Three representatives of the Independent Longshoremen's and Warehousemen's Union from the West Coast left recently for the USSR where they will spend some time. They are: LOUIS GOLDBLATT (phon.), Financial Secretary; L. B. THOMAS, member of the Executive Committee; and STANDUROV, the head of Local Ten in San Francisco. STANDUROV who speaks Russian accompanied N. S. KHRUSHCHEV when he took a walk through the docks of San Francisco.

Page 1, column 3

LONGSHOREMEN FROM THE U.S.A. VISIT KHRUSHCHEV
(Moscow, December 16)

A group of three longshoremen from the West Coast, after a two-weeks' tour of the Soviet Union, was received at the Kremlin by N. S. KHRUSHCHEV and had a discussion with him for an hour.

REC-67

100-39588-136

SUMMARIZED BY: [REDACTED]

January 7, 1960

ENCLOSURE

EDITORIAL - QUESTIONS FOR THE PRESIDENT OF THE U.S.A.

This editorial cites comments made by Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT in the newspaper, "The New York Post," of December 7. In these comments, Mrs. ROOSEVELT states that she is sure that President EISENHOWER sincerely wishes that his present trip would lead to the better understanding of the United States in other countries of the world and that he is truthful when he says that he would like to see the beginning of mutual disarmament.

However, his words would be more convincing if the Administration had already organized a group for the study of the way disarmament could be carried out in the United States. One of the questions which should be asked of the President is, what has been done in order to prepare the American economy for a changing over from the armament program.

The second question which should be asked is whether it is true or not that the President plans to reduce the cultivated farmlands in the United States. Many people go to bed every day hungry. "This is enough," writes Mrs. ROOSEVELT in conclusion, "in order to begin thinking in a new way not only about the economic problems confronting our country, but also about the economic problem."

The editorial comments: "Mrs. ROOSEVELT does not mention that the questions of the softening of international tension, of improvement of relations between the U.S.A. and the Soviet Union and People's China are closely connected with the question of disarmament, and that a normalization of international trade is one of the most important tools for realization of transitional measures for the rebuilding of the economy about which speaks the wife of FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

"Normalization of international trade relations will undoubtedly be a proof that great powers are seriously starting the realization of disarmament which is expected from them by the peoples of the entire world."

* * *

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
New York 7, New York

MAC:ARD
100-19567

December 22, 1943

Director, FBI

Re: "La Marseillaise" Canteen
INTERNAL SECURITY (F)
(Bureau File 100-52226)

Dear Sir:

There is being enclosed herewith a page of the December 5, 1943 issue of the French weekly newspaper "France-Amerique" which is published in New York City.

An article appearing on page 8 describes the recent visit of Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt to the La Marseillaise Canteen.

You will recall that full information regarding this canteen has previously been furnished the Bureau by the New York office in connection with the case entitled "Fighting French Delegation, Internal Security (F)", Bureau file 100-52226, dealing with the activities of French sailors in the New York area.

La Marseillaise Canteen is still regarded as the favorite canteen of French soldiers and sailors visiting New York City whose sympathies are definitely pro-De Gaulle.

The article describing Mrs. Roosevelt's visit to the Canteen is submitted solely for the information of the Bureau. It has been ascertained that the date of her visit was November 21, 1943.

Very truly yours,

E. E. CONROY, SAC

Enc. 1

cc-100-21157



34 JAN 6 1944

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ECOLE LIBRE DES HAUTES ETUDES

L'Ecole Libre des Hautes Etudes annonce pour la période du 1^{er} au 8 décembre les nouveaux cours et conférences suivants :

A la Faculté des Lettres

Le lundi de 9 h. à 10 h. M. Charles Sterling fera un cours public, 66 West 12th Street, salle 25, sur "Le paysage français de Fontenay à Cézanne".

M. Jean Benoit-Lévy reprendra à partir du mercredi 1^{er} décembre le cours fermé qu'il a dû interrompre sur l'art d'écrire un film, qu'il fera de 6 h. à 7 h. 40, 66 West 12th Street, Benton Room.

M. Gustave Cohen fera d'autre part le vendredi de 6 h. à 7 h. un cours fermé : Méthodologie de l'explication française avec explication d'auteurs français de diverses époques, 66 Fifth Avenue, salle Henri Focillon.

A la Section des Sciences

Mardi 3^e et 8 décembre, M. I. Zlotowski fera un cours public de 6 h. à 6 h. sur Le microscope électronique : Théorie, construction, quelques applications, 66 Fifth Avenue, salle Henri Focillon.

Le vendredi 8 décembre, M. Jacques Hadamard fera un cours public de 8 h. 30 à 9 h. sur La géométrie inverse, 66 Fifth Avenue, salle Jean Perrin.

Le samedi 4 décembre, M. W. T. Liberson fera de 8 h. à 9 h. un cours public sur "Le Sommeil", 66 Fifth Avenue, salle Jean Perrin. D'autre part les changements suivants interviennent pour certains cours :

M. Jean Weiller fera son cours public le lundi de 9 h. à 10 h. Economie politique générale : L'évolution économique française et le monde de demain, 66 Fifth Avenue, salle Henri Focillon.

M. B. Mirkine-Gotsévitch fera le jeudi de 8 h. à 9 h. son cours public sur Les problèmes constitutionnels dans la France de demain, 66 Fifth Avenue, salle Henri Focillon.

M. Pierre Dreyfus fera le vendredi de 9 h. à 10 h. son cours public sur Questions économiques américaines, 66 Fifth Avenue, salle Henri Focillon.

Mme Germaine Weill fera son cours public le samedi 4 décembre de 2 h. à 3 h. sur : Formation et transformations des empires de l'antiquité à nos jours, 66 Fifth Avenue, salle Jean Perrin.

A l'Institut de Philologie et d'Histoire Orientales et Slaves

Mme E. Dvoichenko-Markoff commence le lundi 5 décembre un Cours élémentaire de langue russe qui se poursuivra tous les Jundis de 6 h. à 7 h., 66 Fifth Avenue, salle Henri Focillon.

Le mercredi de 6 h. à 7 h., M. Grégoire fera un cours public sur : Grec byzantin et moderne, cours avancé, 66 Fifth Avenue, salle Jean Perrin.

Le mercredi 8 décembre, M. Wolf Lesauz fera de 8 h. à 9 h. une conférence sur : Les langues des Juifs en Afrique du Nord et dans le Proche-Orient. (Cycle de conférences publiques sur les langues juives), 535 West 123rd Street, Yiddish Scientific Institute, salle 21.

Le vendredi 8 décembre, M. Anatole Mohlstein fera une conférence publique de 9 h. à 10 h. sur : La politique extérieure de la Pologne entre les deux guerres, 66 West 12th Street, salle 25.

A l'Institut de Droit Comparé

Le jeudi 9 décembre, de 9 h. à 10 h., M. Jacques Mikichanski fera une conférence publique sur : La conférence de Meccou et la responsabilité criminelle des autorités nazies, 66 Fifth Avenue, salle Jean Perrin.

A l'Institut de Sociologie

Le samedi 4 décembre, M. Lévi-Strauss fera de 6 h. à 8 h. une conférence publique sur : Le problème de régionalisme dans la France et dans l'Europe, l'après-guerre, 66 West 12th Street, salle 25. Centre d'Etudes Médico-Sociales (Section des Sciences)

Le 7 au 16 décembre les mardis et jeudis de 6 h. à 7 h., le Dr. Camille Dreyfus fera un cours public sur : Notions élémentaires de la nutrition, 66 West 12th Street, salle 25.

Deux conférences par le Dr. Charles Oberling et M. Jean Benoit-Lévy auront lieu un cours du mois de décembre. La date et le sujet de ces conférences seront indiqués ultérieurement.

The following data indicate the value of the blimp in our war against the U-boats:

1. The United States has a world monopoly on helium, the only non-inflammable gas lighter than air.

2. Blimps are relatively cheap and easy to build. Each airship car uses less aluminum than the fuselage of a bomber; the bag is a fine grade of cotton, so slightly rubberized that the fat tire in its single wheel probably contains nearly as much rubber as all the rest of the ship. The motor, the inexpensive type used in light training planes.

3. Against surface vessels the airship is relatively invulnerable, because of its long-range vision and speed in getting away. Against submarines it is completely invulnerable.

Its chief weakness is that against other aircraft it is practically defenseless, but it is not important in a region where the United States has command of the air.

All of which adds up to the fact that the blimp is one of the indispensable weapons America is counting on to reduce the fearful destruction of her shipping by submarines.

CONFERENCES OF

INSTITUT FRANÇAIS

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Mardi 7 décembre - 4 h.

"La théorie génétique des races" par M. Claude Lévi-Strauss. Ancien professeur à l'Université de Sao Paulo. Chargé de mission pour le Musée de l'Homme et chef de plusieurs expéditions scientifiques au Brésil et en Bolivie.

Mardi 14 décembre - 4 h.

"D'une guerre à l'autre" Vingt années d'espionnage juvénile à la paix par M. Robert Valeur. Docteur en droit. Directeur du Service Français de Presse et d'information.

Cette conférence sera suivie d'une réception en l'honneur de M. Valeur.

Mardi 21 décembre - 4 h.

"Le Père de Foucault" Explorateur et Missionnaire français au Sahara par Mme Claude Lévi-Strauss. Docteur en lettres. Ecrivain. Professeur au Welles College.

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QUESTIONS

1. Combien de filles le roi et la reine avaient-ils ?
2. Décrivez la fille aînée.
3. Décrivez la cadette.
4. Comment les deux sœurs s'appelaient-elles ?
5. Laquelle avait le plus de succès ?
6. Pourquoi les gens ne voulaient-ils pas parler à Rose ?
7. Où est-ce que Rose alla se cacher ?
8. Qui est-ce qui apparut à Rose ?
9. Comment était le nouveau venu ?
10. C'est-ce qui survint quand Riquet vit Rose ?
11. Rose s'aperçut-elle que Riquet n'était pas beau ?
12. Riquet jugea-t-il que Rose n'était pas fine ? (French meaning: smart, witty).
13. Croyez-vous que l'amour soit aveugle ?

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pas besoin d'être belle. Mais elle doit avoir les qualités du cœur et de l'esprit.

Jeanne — Oh, tu sais, Maman. Mon soldat m'a envoyé sa photo.

Mme Dupuy (tendant la main) — Fais-moi voir cet Adonis.

Jeanne (montrant la photo à sa mère) — Regarde ! Un vrai guerrier dans son uniforme.

Mme Dupuy — Oui, il a une tête de brave homme. Il est sympathique, très sympathique, ce garçon-là !

Jeanne — Et ce regard ! Et ce sourire !

Mme Dupuy — Vois-tu vraiment tant de choses sur une si petite photo ?

Jeanne — Je vois une âme et l'univers reflété par cette âme.

Mme Dupuy — Poétique, hein ! Alors, tu es emballée à fond.

Jeanne — C'est mon premier amour.

Mme Dupuy — A quinze ans !

Jeanne — Oui, Maman, à quinze ans.

Mme Dupuy — Eh bien, rêve à ton Prince Charmant, ma mignonne et prépare-lui une belle réponse.

CHARADE No. 24

En Allemagne se trouve mon premier.
Au Farero, mon second écrit, pendant le XIXe siècle.
Sur les aliments, mon troisième aime à se poser.
Mon tout survient pendant les guerillas.

Solution

Mon premier : Terre.
Mon second : Le sort.
Mon troisième : l'alphabet.
Mon tout : Mon tour.

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PAGE SC

Cette page est dédiée à nos amis américains qui s'initient à notre langue et à notre littérature.

COURS ÉLÉMENTAIRE

UN CONTE — A STORY

Un roi et une reine avaient deux filles qui étaient très différentes l'une de l'autre.

A king and a queen had two daughters who were very different from one another.

Rose, l'aînée, était belle comme le jour mais bête comme ses pieds.

Rose, the older one, was as fair as the day but altogether dumb.

Violette, la plus jeune, était laide mais spirituelle.

Violet, the youngest one, was ugly (the polite term) but witty.

Tous les jeunes gens du royaume faisaient d'abord la cour à Rose, puis allaient ensuite rendre hommage à Violette.

All the young men of the Kingdom would first court Rose, then they'd pay their homages to Violet.

Violette se vit bientôt entourée d'admirateurs.

Soon, Violet saw herself surrounded with admirers.

La popularité de Violette augmentait tandis que celle de Rose diminuait.

Violet's popularity increased while Rose's diminished.

Un jour, Rose se trouva seule. Personne ne voulait lui parler.

One day, Rose found herself alone. No one wanted to talk to her.

Elle s'en alla se cacher dans la forêt voisine et pleura amèrement.

She went to hide herself in a neighboring forest and cried bitterly.

Un homme lui apparut. Il était chétif et difforme.

A man appeared to her. He was skinny and ill-shaped.

Il s'appelait Riquet. Ce fut le coup de foudre entre les deux jeunes gens.

His name was Riquet. It was love at first sight between the two youths.

Rose vibra d'amour en écoutant les déclarations passionnées de Riquet.

Rose was love struck in listening to Riquet's passionate

COURS MOYEN

CORRESPONDANCE DE GUERRE

Jeanne (entrant, très émue) — Maman, maman !

Mme Dupuy (souriant) — Qu'y a-t-il ? Un tremblement de terre ?

Jeanne — J'ai reçu une lettre du soldat américain avec lequel je correspond.

Mme Dupuy — Bravo ! Est-ce une gentille lettre ?

Jeanne (sursautant) — Une gentille lettre ? Mais c'est une lettre merveilleuse !

Mme Dupuy (teasing her daughter) — Un chef-d'œuvre littéraire, sans doute.

Jeanne — Heureusement que non. C'est une lettre très personnelle.

Mme Dupuy — Oh, oh ! Une déclaration d'amour au travers des océans ?

Jeanne (romanesque) — Ah, Maman, comme mon cœur battait rien qu'à lire cette lettre !

Mme Dupuy — Mais enfin que dit ce jeune homme ?

Jeanne — Il dit qu'il pense à moi.

Mme Dupuy — Je l'espère bien qu'il pense à toi puisque'il t'écrit.

Jeanne — Oh, mais si pense à moi de façon particulière. Il rêva à moi.

Mme Dupuy — De mieux en mieux.

Jeanne — Qui sait ? Peut-être m'aimera-t-il un jour. . .

Mme Dupuy — En avant pour les châteaux en Espagne !

Jeanne — Tu veux dire que je ne dois pas espérer. . .

Mme Dupuy — Ma chérie, tu peux rêver, mais tu dois tous les jours savoir distinguer entre le rêve et la réalité. . . Tu ne dois pas prendre tes espoirs pour des certitudes.

Jeanne — Je sais. Mais enfin pour un jeune homme rencontré une seule fois à un bal, il est très

WAR-TIME CORRESPONDENCE

Jane (entering, very upset) — Mother, Mother!

Mrs. Dupuy (smiling) — What's happening? An earthquake?

Jane — I have received from the American soldier whom I correspond.

Mrs. Dupuy — Bravo! Nice letter?

Jane (excited) — A nice letter! But it is a wonderful letter!

Mrs. Dupuy (teasing her daughter) — A literary masterpiece, no doubt.

Jane — Fortunately not. It's a very personal letter.

Mrs. Dupuy — Oh, oh! A declaration of love across the oceans?

Jane (romantic) — Oh, my heart was beating for reading the letter!

Mrs. Dupuy — But finally what does this young man say?

Jane — He says he thinks of me.

Mrs. Dupuy — That's right, thinking of you because he's writing to you.

Jane — Oh, but he thinks of me in a special way. He thinks of me.

Mrs. Dupuy — Oh, that's nice.

Jane — Who knows? Perhaps he will love me some day.

Mrs. Dupuy — Go on to the castles in Spain!

Jane — You mean I shouldn't hope. . .

Mrs. Dupuy — My dear, you may dream, but you must always know how to distinguish between the dream and reality. . . You must not take your hopes for sure.

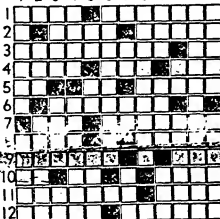
Jane — I know. But a young man I met just once, he is very, very

CLAIRE

Mots Croisés

Problème No. 222

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12



HORIZONTALEMENT

- 1—Brusque, impétueux. — Préparera avec art.
- 2—Partie inférieure de l'épine dorsale. — User d'artifices pour tromper.
- 3—Qui est originaire du pays qu'il habite. — Règle double.
- 4—Située. — Une saison. — Agent politique de Louis XV.
- 5—Dans le corps. — Pronom. — Découpé d'une manière tortueuse.

- 6—Ivresse.
- 7—Pertuisan. — Fut découverte en 1820 par Pelletier et Caventou.
- 8—Prophète hébreu. — Explorateur des régions arctiques.
- 9—Entourée. — Trouble.
- 10—Partie dure du corps. — Pas vêtu. — Anneau de fer.
- 11—Vs trop lentement. — Prénom masculin.
- 12—Espèce d'euphorbe. — Mouvements d'oscillation des locomotives en marche.

QUESTIONS POUR LE COURS MOYEN

1. Pourquoi Jeanne est-elle émue ?
2. La lettre est-elle un chef-d'œuvre ?
3. Pourquoi le cœur de Jeanne battait-il ?
4. Qui est-ce qui pense à Jeanne ?
5. Quel est l'espoir de Jeanne ?
6. Quel conseil Mme Dupuy donne-t-elle à sa fille ?
7. Jeanne a-t-elle rencontré le jeune homme très souvent ?
8. Qu'est-ce qui est naturel, d'après Mme Dupuy ?
9. Que faut-il pour plaire ?
10. Qu'est-ce que Jeanne fait voir à sa mère ?

motives en marche.

VERTICALEMENT

- 1—Science des armoiries. — Tient les comptes d'un bateau pêcheur.
- 2—Gris brun. — Liens de junc.
- 3—Nom grec du dieu de l'amour. — Titre des descendants de Méhomet. — S'emploie dans l'intimité.
- 4—Chef-lieu de canton (Aisne). — Qui dure deux ans.
- 5—Deux. — Rivière de France.
- 6—Qui est d'une nature purement spirituelle.
- 7—Unit les parties du discours. l'année. — Amiable.
- 8—Nom féminin.
- 9—Un habillement. — Deux ans.
- 10—En matière de. — Dans.
- 11—Action de retourner dans un autre sens.
- 12—Lieu de combats. — Euphorbe.

Solution du Problème No. 221

QUELCONQUE*
UN*O*EUROPE
AISE*T*AILES
LOINTAIN*ELU
IN*RAPIDE*EN
T*MINA*MARI
ERIC*GAVES*R
*A*HIER*USA*
MINIMUM*TIRE
OSER*REMISES
DIRAI*EUE*TU
ENFIN*SERRÉS

THE BLIMP, SUB FIGHTER

(English version of
last week's exercise)

On patrol duty, the blimp's job is to catch U-boats lying quiet for the day, or to drive them so far out to sea that they cannot reach the traffic lanes during the night. On morning duty they detect con-

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Idee originale : Une jaquette de valeurs vert bouteille se combine avec une robe de jersey à impressions vertes. Le jupe est plissée, la bartha ornée d'un ruche, les boutons sont de grosses perles.

Copyright 1943 by Mac Child

Un japon d'une ligne nouvelle au décolleté dit "Casablanca". Il est en rayonne grain de foudre de couleur amadou (gare à l'incommodité !). Le veste est rayée crème et amadou.

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blée la Croix de Lorraine, lui fut
présenté par la mignonne petite
fille de notre ami Hausmann, cos-
tumée en Alacienne. Immédiat-
ement après la réception l'assem-
blée antonna spontanément, sur
l'air de la Madelon, le Chant de
la Légion du Général de Gaulle.
Aucun complet ne fut omis par
les soldats, les marins et leurs
amis. Sur les tables, services chal-
ses, sur le piano, sur le bar, par-
tout hommes et femmes étaient
debout, radieux.

Mme Roosevelt se leva. Silence
impressionnant. Son bref mais ferme
discours fut prononcé en parlant

QU'IL VIENNE DE RUSSIE
OU D'AILLEURS,
L'ASTRAKAN
(Persian Lamb)

garde plus longtemps sa beauté
quand il porte la marque

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e la FEMME



Cantine "La Marseillaise"

C'est pas inutile de Mme Roosevelt a été hier, d'une école fille d'Emile Souvenus fashionables de l'essentiel de son ne aimons penser à e. Quand nous pen- sée, nous avons un herté. Je souhaite à de retrouver cette et vété, qui vous est si chère."

lit un triple ban, résidents i Vive la e Typant un che- scott, Mme Robes- aux œuvres d'art mura, parlant af- ses personnes qui Quand, sur le seuil a marin américain

Juste devant la porte, tandis que Mme Roosevelt donnait son dernier autographe, le Star Spangled Banner éclata, puis la Marseillaise. Mme Roosevelt accompagna le chœur.

Etaient aussi présents Mmes Pieven, Davey, de Vilmorin, Dr et Mme Simard, M. et Mme Emilie Burt.

La Cantine et tous ses amis tiennent à remercier M. Michael O'Shea d'avoir avec Miss Jean Condit, si bien préparé la réception. Grand succès pour la Cantine et pour tous ceux qui s'y intéressent, pour tous ceux qui s'y étonnent. Tous les Français réfugiés devraient selon leurs moyens contribuer à cette œuvre d'assistance et de résistance que louent à l'envi nos soldats et nos ma- rins. S. C.

La Cuisine française

Tranches d'esturgeon grillées

L'esturgeon commun qui est souvent appelé esturgeon de mer ou esturgeon américain, se pêche dans l'Atlantique nord, depuis le fleuve St-Laurent, au Canada, jusqu'aux Carolines. Sa couleur est olivâtre, plutôt brumâtre, et son museau long et pointu. Il remonte les fleuves au printemps pour la fraie. Son poids moyen est de 450 à 500 livres, mais il en a été pris pesant près de 900 livres.

Voici une "histoire" intéressante que je cueille dans mon Histoire de l'Alimentation depuis la création du monde à nos jours, Vol V, au sujet de l'esturgeon. Cambacérès, président de la Convention, mettait une certaine coquetterie à passer pour un fin gour- met. Ce qu'il n'était d'ailleurs pas.

Un jour de grand dîner, il reçut deux esturgeons, l'un pesait 162 livres, l'autre 187. Le fameux Grand'Manche, chef de ses cuisines, crut devoir venir consulter le faux gastronome sur ce cas remarquable, si on les servait tous les deux, l'un unissait évidemment à l'autre, si l'on n'en servait qu'un, le second était perdu, on ne pouvait deux jours de suite donner deux poissons de la même espèce aux convives de son excellence Cambacérès. Cambacérès s'enferma avec son chef, qui sortit radieux de son cabinet au bout d'un quart d'heure. En effet, on avait trouvé un biais qui permettait alors de les servir, du moins de les montrer tous les deux, et de s'inscrire le premier en l'honneur du second, et de les sacrifier de façon à faire le plus grand bonheur à la table de l'archichancelier. Voici ce qu'avaient imaginé Cambacérès et son chef :

L'esturgeon devait être servi en relevé de potage. On coucha

le moins énorme sur un lit de feuillage et de fleurs ; un concerto de violons et de flûtes annonça son entrée. Le flûtiste, en costume complet de chef, suivi de deux violons, habillés comme lui, précédèrent l'esturgeon qui entra accompagné de quatre valets de pied portant des torches, de deux aides de cuisine, le contenu au côté, le suisse en tête, sa hallebarde à la main.

L'esturgeon, placé sur une petite échelle de huit à dix pieds de long, reposait à ses deux extrémités sur les épaules des aides de cuisine. Le cortège, au son des violons et de la flûte et au milieu des cris d'admiration des convives, commença de faire le tour de la table. L'apparition était si inattendue que l'on oublia le respect que l'on devait à Cambacérès et que chacun monta sur sa chaise pour voir le monstre. Mais le tour de la table achevé, au moment où le poisson allait sortir pour se faire découper aux applaudissements de toute la société, un des porteurs fit un faux pas, tomba sur un genou, tandis que le poisson de son côté glissait de dessus son échelle et tombait sur le parquet.

Un long cri de désespoir sortit de tous les cœurs ; il y eut un instant de trouble, pendant lequel chacun donna son avis, mais la voix de Cambacérès domina le tumulte, et, avec une simplicité digne d'un vieux Romain : "SERVEZ L'AUTRE," dit-il. Et l'on vit entrer un second cortège pareil au premier ; seulement il avait deux flûtes, quatre violons, quatre valets de pied ; alors les applaudissements succédèrent au cri de douleur et l'on fit disparaître le premier poisson qui pesait 35 livres et moins.

Cuissez 6 tranches pesant chacune 7 à 9 onces d'esturgeon frais au court bouillon au vin blanc le



autographe, elle

September 26, 1947

Handwritten: *100-342972-1460*

Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt
Apartment 15-A
29 Washington Square, West
New York 11, New York
Dear Mrs. Roosevelt:

I have received your letter of September 24, 1947, and I must advise you that after having a thorough search made of our records, I am unable to identify the matter to which you made reference. In the event that you are able to secure any additional information concerning this matter, I would be very much interested in receiving it. At that time I would be glad to have a further search made of our records.

I sincerely appreciate your kindness in writing to me, and I hope that you will not hesitate to call upon me for any assistance that I may be able to render to you in the future.

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

RE:IGS

Handwritten: *✓*
EOR

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 3
★ SEP 26 1947 P.M.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Handwritten: *85342*

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : The Director

DATE: October 2, 1947

FROM : Mr. D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

ESPIONAGE - R

On September 29, 1947, [REDACTED] very confidentially informed Assistant Director L. B. Nichols that [REDACTED] had advised him that [REDACTED] had visited the White House, the date of her alleged visit not being indicated.

You will recall that [REDACTED] was identified by [REDACTED] as one of the recruiting agents for the Red Army Intelligence Service in Canada. [REDACTED]

In view of this information it is apparent that [REDACTED] is the individual concerning whom Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt made inquiry in her letter of September 24, 1947. In this letter Mrs. Roosevelt stated that she had been informed that Congressman Clarence Brown had made statements to the effect that she was a dear friend of a woman who was "the No. 1 Russian spy in our country" but that "Just as the FBI was about to make the arrest, the woman spy, and her friends were tipped off when a lesser arrest was made in the spy circle."

On September 26, 1947, prior to the receipt of information concerning Congressman Brown's statement that [REDACTED] had visited the White House, Mrs. Roosevelt was advised that it had not been possible to identify the matter to which she made reference in her letter of September 24, 1947.

A thorough review has been made of all references revealed by an indices check of [REDACTED] under that name as well as under the various aliases she is known to have used and although it appears that she spent some time in Washington, D. C. [REDACTED] there is no indication that she ever visited the White House or was a personal associate or contact of Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt.

RECOMMENDATION:

Inasmuch as Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt has been advised that in the event that she is able to secure any additional information concerning the matter mentioned in her letter of September 24, 1947, a further search of Bureau records would be made, it is suggested that no further action be taken at this time.

EML:mjp

RECORDED

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100-342972-1458

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8/8/47

September 24, 1947

My dear Mr. Hoover:

In a recent ^{talk} speech Congressman
Clarence Brown made the following statement:

"We must fear attack from within as well as
from outside nations. Here's an example.
This is strictly off the record and should
not be passed around. Recently the FBI was
ready to put its finger on the No. 1 Russian
spy in our country. This spy happened to be
a woman and a good friend of Mrs. FDR. It
was learned they spent much time together
with Mrs. R. doing the entertaining. Just as
the FBI was about to make the arrest, the
woman spy and her friends were tipped off when
a lesser arrest was made in the spy circle.
This woman, spying ~~FOR~~ U.S. for the USSR,
was a dear friend of Mrs. FDR."

INDEXED

If you could have me any information
on this, I should appreciate it.

Very sincerely yours,

EX-65
Eleanor Roosevelt
Eleanor Roosevelt

100-342972-1460



Office of the Attorney General
Washington, D.C.

January 10, 1942

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. HOOVER

Attached is a copy of a letter
from Mrs. Roosevelt with respect to Joe Lash.

Will you let me know what our files
show; and in your dissertation ascertain what
Colonel Donovan and the Dies Committee may
have.

frb
Francis Biddle
Attorney General.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
1 JAN 19 1942
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
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